Chevrolet





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Product Information

Chevy Blazer — The Popular Midsize SUV Refined for 2000

DETROIT — From powertrain and safety improvements to sound system and aesthetic enhancements, the 2000 Chevy Blazer demonstrates why it has remained popular in the midsize SUV segment for 17 consecutive years.

This year's standard Vortec 4300 V6 engine offers extended durability over the previous version — while retaining its 190 horsepower and 250 lb.-ft. of torque. The standard 5-speed manual transmission on 2-Door models is also improved for quieter performance and extended gear life. The 2000 Blazer includes a new single-piece exhaust system that provides greater durability than its predecessor.

Safety features — always a priority with Chevrolet — receive updates as well. The standard antilock brake system (ABS) receives refinements to its electronics for better reliability. The driver and right front-passenger air bag system has also been improved for better performance and reliability.

"Blazer is ideal for buyers wanting the image and utilitarian benefits of a truck, without sacrificing safety and comfort," says Blazer Brand Manager Russ Clark. "Whether the vehicle is used primarily on the highway or off-road, Blazer owners count on it for its dependability, safety features and smooth ride."

This year, Two-Door Blazers acquire LS trim while Four-Door versions come in LS, LT and TrailBlazer trim levels. LS models now include a dark argent-color grille and body-color bumpers. TrailBlazer exteriors receive gold or silver-painted body and wheel accents that add a touch of class. Two new paints — Space Blue Metallic and Majestic Red Metallic bring total Blazer color choices to 11.

The Blazer interior provides an impressive level of comfort and convenience. The sporty TrailBlazer features specific Two-Tone Custom Leather seating surfaces, a specific leather-wrapped steering wheel and a floor-mounted automatic transmission shift knob. Blazer's uplevel sound system features an enhanced compact disc player nd tuner for easier functionality and better sound quality than the previous version. And, a handy new flash-to-pass feature helps make maneuvering in traffic more convenient.

LS models continue to offer a convenience group with cruise control, tilt steering, power door locks and windows and electric remote heated exterior mirrors. Air conditioning and a PASSlock® theft-deterrent system are included as standard equipment. Blazer LT adds an eight-way power driver seat adjuster, optional Custom Leather seating surfaces and electronic climate control for added convenience.

To accommodate a variety of driving needs, Blazer offers four available suspensions, ranging from the Z83 (Two-Door) and ZQ1 (Four-Door) Smooth Ride Suspension — ideal for everyday street driving — to the rugged ZR2 Wide-Stance Sport Performance Package, designed to meet the demands of serious off-road enthusiasts.

Whether commuting to work or traveling off-road, Blazer offers buyers a rugged, well-appointed sport utility vehicle that delivers confident driving security.

What's New And Highlights

Models

- Two-Door models available with LS trim only
- Four-Door models available with LS or LT trim
- TrailBlazer available as a Four-Door model only
- Base models are cancelled.

Interior

Available uplevel stereos feature a new compact disc player.

Exterior

- Available blackwall tires on TrailBlazer
- Dark argent grille included with LS trim
- Two new colors: Space Blue Metallic (Two-Door models) and Majestic Red Metallic (Four-Door models).

Safety and Security

• Air bag diagnostic module enhancements.

Engineering

Single-piece exhaust system.

Engines

Vortec 4300 V6 engine enhancements.

Suspension

ZR2 rear axle enhancements.

Transmission

Manual transmission enhancements.

Brakes

Antilock brake system controller enhancements.

Suspensions

• Four available suspensions allow Blazer buyers to choose one that fits their specific driving needs

TrailBlazer

The available TrailBlazer Package gives Blazer a more rugged look.

Model Summary

2WD models

- Two-Door Blazer LS
- Four-Door Blazer LS, LT, TrailBlazer.

4x4 models

- Two-Door Blazer LS
- Two-Door Blazer ZR2
- Four-Door Blazer LS, LT, TrailBlazer.

Marketplace

When it comes to comfort and performance — Blazer has it. Its refined interior keeps its owners comfortable on short or long trips. And while the Vortec 4300 V6 engine generates 190 horsepower, the available Autotrac four-wheel-drive system keeps Blazer moving over tough terrain — with no driver input needed.

Although Durango and the redesigned Grand Cherokee have turned heads over the last few years, Chevy Blazer continues to draw shoppers seeking a comfortable and dependable compact sport utility vehicle.

Competitors:

- Dodge Durango
- Ford Explorer
- Jeep Grand Cherokee
- Toyota 4-Runner

1999 Awards

- Consumer Guide OnLine (web site) Recommended, Midsize SUVs
- Intellichoice A Best Overall Value of the Year, Blazer 2-Door 2WD, Intermediate Utility*

Buyer Demographics

Typical Buyers:

Mid-30s to mid-40s

Median Income:

\$60,000+

Purchasers:

Male-50%

Female-50%

Education:

College graduates

¹ 1999, The Complete Car Cost Guide™, IntelliChoice®, www.IntelliChoice.com.

Vehicle Overview

Interior Overview

Key Standard Features*

Blazer LS Model:

- Driver and right front-passenger air bags†
- Custom Cloth interior
- Front high-back reclining bucket seats (Two-Door)
- Rear 50/50 split-bench (Two-Door)
- Rear 60/40 split-bench (4-Door)
- Air conditioning
- PASSlock® theft-deterrent system
- Flash-to-pass allows driver to flash high-beam headlamps as a passing signal to vehicle in front
- Convenience console with cup holders
- Carpeted front/rear floor mats
- Liftglass-ajar warning
- Delayed interior lighting
- Side-window defoggers and rear-seat air ducts
- Two rear-seat-area stowage boxes (Two-Door only)
- Tachometer
- ETR AM/FM stereo with cassette player, seek-scan and digital clock
- Retained Accessory Power allows the stereo, power windows, and other power features to remain operable for up to 20 minutes or until a door is opened after the ignition has been turned off
- Four standard rear cargo tie-downs.

Blazer LT Adds The Following, In Addition To Or Replacing LS Features:

- Eight-way power driver seat adjuster
- Premium cloth seats
- Leather-wrapped steering wheel
- Remote Keyless Entry system.
- Power door locks, windows
- Rear window defogger and wiper
- Tilt-Wheel™ steering column
- Cruise control
- Two auxiliary power outlets
- Uplevel interior door trim
- Lighted visor mirrors
- ETR AM/FM stereo with compact disc player, seek-scan, digital clock, TheftLock, speed-compensated volume and auto tone control
- Custom overhead console features map reading lights, electronic compass and outside temperature readout.

The Trailblazer Package Is Available On Four-Door Models And Is Its Own Specific Model. In Addition To LT Trim, Trailblazer Adds:

- Specific Two-Tone Custom Leather seating surfaces
- Specific Two-Tone front and rear door trim panels
- Specific leather-wrapped steering wheel and floor-mounted automatic transmission shift knob
- Eight-way power passenger seat

- Driver seat 2-position memory
- Premium TrailBlazer floor mats
- Homelink programmable transmitter
- Electrochromic self-dimming mirror
- Electronic climate control.

Key Optional Features*

- Bose Premium Sound System AM/FM stereo with compact disc player, Bose amplifiers, equalization networks and six speakers
- OnStar Driver Assistance Service provides safety, security and convenience 24 hours a day, seven days per week. With the touch of a button, subscribers can communicate with trained OnStar Advisors who provide valuable information and meet various assistance needs. These services range from sending emergency roadside assistance to helping order concert tickets. For more information, call 1-800-OnStar7 (1-800-667-8277).
- * See Feature Availability for additional features.
- † Always use safety belts and proper child restraints, even with air bags. Children are safer when properly secured in a rear seat. See the owner's manual for more safety information.

Exterior/Structural Overview

Key Standard Features*

Blazer LS Model:

- NEW Dark argent grille
- · Chrome front bumper
- Large outside mirrors
- Roof-mounted luggage carrier
- Aluminum wheels
- Dropgate with integral liftglass (liftgate available with Four-Door models only)
- Two-sided galvanized-steel exterior body panels (except the roof) help eliminate corrosion on the outside surface (resulting from chips and scratches) and rust-through corrosion originating on the inside surface
- Triple seals on doors help keep dust, moisture and wind noise outside
- Solar-Ray glass
- Swing-out rear-quarter windows (standard on Two-Door models) help increase ventilation to rearseat passengers.

Blazer LT Adds The Following, In Addition To Or Replacing LS Features:

- Body-color grille and body striping
- Deep-tinted glass
- Heated power remote rearview mirrors.

Trailblazer Adds:

- Monochromatic paint scheme with gold or silver accents
- Machined-face aluminum wheels with gold or silver painted accents
- Large mirrors with driver-side self-dimming feature
- Foglamps.

Exterior Paint

Blazer uses a standard basecoat/clearcoat paint treatment that helps resist fading and ensures a deep, glossy shine.

Paint Colors

- NEW Space Blue Metallic (Two-Door only)
- NEW Majestic Red Metallic† (Four-Door only)
- Medium Beige Mystique Metallic
- Onyx Black
- Summit White
- Dark Cherry Red Metallic
- Light Pewter Metallic
- Indigo Blue Metallic
- Victory Red
- Meadow Green Metallic
- Sunset Gold Metallic
- * See Feature Availability Chart for additional features.

Functional Overview

Key Standard Features*

- Vortec 4300 V6 engine with 190 horsepower
- 4-speed electronically controlled automatic overdrive transmission (4L60-E)
- 4-wheel antilock brake system (ABS)
- Power four-wheel disc brakes
- Power steering
- Battery-rundown protection
- 100,000-mile platinum-tip spark plugs†
- 150,000-mile extended-life engine coolant†
- Insta-Trac transfer case with electric shift control (standard on 4x4 models)
- Touring suspension.

Blazer LT Adds:

- Autotrac active transfer case (on 4x4 models)
- Remote Keyless Entry and content theft alarm.

Trailblazer Adds:

- P235/75R15 on-/off-road blackwall tires (4x4 models).
- See Feature Availability Chart for additional features.
- † Maintenance needs vary with different uses and driving conditions. See owner's manual for details.

Safety And Security*

Crash Avoidance Features

- Daytime Running Lamps (DRL)
- Automatic Exterior Lamp Control turns headlamps and other exterior lamps to full intensity when light conditions dictate.
- 4-wheel disc brakes

- 4-wheel antilock brake system (ABS) helps reduce wheel lockup while braking hard on most slippery surfaces
- Brake/transmission shift interlock, standard on all Blazer models equipped with an automatic transmission, requires the driver to depress the brake pedal to shift out of PARK
- Starter safety switch, standard on Two-Door models equipped with a manual transmission, requires the driver to depress the clutch pedal to start the vehicle.

Occupant Protection Features

- Driver and right front-passenger air bags†
- Side door beams
- Child security rear-door locks
- Rear-seat shoulder belt comfort guides adjust the angle of rear shoulder belt crossover to make wearing safety belts more comfortable for children and small occupants riding in the backseat
- Three-point safety belt system
- Front and rear crush zones
- Energy-absorbing steering column and instrument panel.

Security Features

- Liftglass ajar warning indicates if liftglass is not secured
- Content theft alarm (on vehicles with Remote Keyless Entry) triggers horn and headlamps if unauthorized entry is attempted at any passenger door. Lockout provision prevents doors from locking if keys are inadvertently left in the ignition
- PASSlock® theft-deterrent system automatically disables the fuel system if an attempt is made to start the vehicle without the proper key
- Remote Keyless Entry
- Battery-rundown protection
- HomeLink programmable transmitter (standard on TrailBlazer, optional on LT and included with optional deluxe overhead console) allows control of up to 3 programmable devices — like garage door opener, outdoor lights and security gate.
- * For additional safety information, see the Chevrolet section of this Guide.
- † Maintenance needs vary with different driving uses and driving conditions. See owner's manual for details.
- ** Always use safety belts and proper child restraints, even with air bags. Children are safer when properly secured in a rear seat. See the owner's manual for more safety information.

Seats

Blazer seats help provide firm torso support while "controlled contour" seatback cushions and lumbar support contribute to comfort. Each front seat uses a full-suspension design with foam cushioning to help absorb road shocks before they reach occupants. Double-stitched French seams contribute to the seat trim's strength and durability. The TrailBlazer features Two-Tone Gray or Two-Tone Beige leather seating surfaces that underscore its "outdoors" theme.



LS Model:

- Custom Cloth reclining high-back bucket seats, manual adjustable lumbar supports and easy-entry passenger side with Two-Door model
- Four-Door models include a Custom Cloth 60/40 front-split bench seat.



LT Model:

 Premium Cloth high-back bucket seats with 8-way power driver seat, power recline and power lumbar adjustment — standard on LT.



Trailblazer and LT Model:

 Custom Leather seating surfaces feature reclining high-back bucket seats with 8-way power driver seat and power lumbar adjustment standard on TrailBlazer, optional on LT.

Additional Seating Features:

- Power passenger-seat is available on LT models
- Driver memory seat adjuster (LT models only), allows for two memory setting positions
- 50/50 split-bench rear seat with independently folding backrests and self-stowing outboard head restraints are standard on all Two-Door models
- 60/40 split-bench rear seat with independently folding backrests and self-stowing outboard head restraints are standard on all Four-Door models.

Interior Colors

Cloth And Leather:

- Beige
- Graphite
- · Medium Gray.

Trailblazer Model:

- Beige/Beige
- Gray/Graphite.

Sound Systems

Blazer LS

Standard:

ETR AM/FM stereo with cassette player, seek-scan and digital clock.

Blazer LT and TrailBlazer

Standard:

• ETR AM/FM stereo with compact disc player, seek-scan, digital clock, TheftLock, speed-compensated volume and auto tone control.

Optional:*

- ETR AM/FM stereo with compact disc player, seek-scan, digital clock, TheftLock, speedcompensated volume and auto tone control
- ETR AM/FM stereo with compact disc and cassette players, seek-scan, digital clock, TheftLock, speed-compensated volume and auto tone control
- Bose Premium Sound System AM/FM stereo with cassette player features Bose amplifiers, equalization networks and six speakers
- Bose Premium Sound System AM/FM stereo with compact disc player features Bose amplifiers, equalization networks and six speakers.
- Multiple-disc compact disc changer in console, available with uplevel and premium sound systems featuring magazine-style storage for up to six discs, multi-disc random play; seek to next or previous track and advance to next higher disc
- Steering wheel-mounted radio controls are available on all Blazer models.

Power and Performance

Engineering

When first designing the nimble SUV, Blazer engineers relied greatly on customer-driven research. Blazer's "drop center" body design provides a low step-in height and optimal ground clearance when off-roading.

Blazer offers a smooth ride, fun-to-drive qualities and easy-to-handle characteristics. A boxed frame extends most of its length for added strength and durability. The frame's stiffness helps provide a more even ride, especially over mounds and difficult road surfaces.

Blazer's standard rear step bumper enables easy access to the roof-mounted luggage carrier, while providing a towing capacity up to 5,900 pounds.*

An impressive Vortec 4300 V6 engine and two available transmissions (depending on model) work cohesively to provide substantial power with smooth-shifting qualities.

Blazer is manufactured at General Motors assembly plants in Linden, N.J. and Moraine, Ohio.

*Two-wheel-drive models, properly equipped. Maximum trailer ratings are calculated assuming a standard equipped base vehicle plus driver. The weight of optional equipment, passengers, cargo and required trailering equipment will reduce the maximum trailer weight. See your dealer for details.

Engines



Vortec 4300 V6 Engine (L35)

A Vortec 4300 V6 engine with Sequential Fuel Injection (SFI) is standard on every Blazer.

NEW The Vortec V6 engine features new roller rocker arms, a new roller timing chain and a powdered metal timing chain sprocket. These new components are designed to provide extended durability.

Power Ratings For The Vortec 4300 V6 Engine:

- 190 horsepower at 4400 rpm
- 250 lb.-ft. of torque at 2800 rpm.

Vortec 4300 Technical Features:

Sequential Fuel Injection offers the following advantages:

- High-precision fuel control uses one injector and nozzle per cylinder for optimum cylinder-tocylinder fuel distribution
- Each injector is fired sequentially and timed to the intake cycle for accuracy and metering control
- A mass airflow meter constantly measures the engine's air requirements under varying conditions, such as changes in load, altitude and temperature. In an SFI system, the mass airflow meter is essential for accurate fuel delivery

The injector nozzle's design and optimum location produce a spray pattern that contributes to the
engine's smooth idle and fuel efficiency.

Extended-Life Service Items Include:

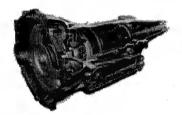
- Engine timing
- Long-life transmission fluid provides no-change convenience for 100,000 miles* before a fluid change is needed
- Serpentine accessory drive belt.
- Maintenance needs vary with different uses and driving conditions. See owner's manual for more information.

Transmissions

5-Speed Manual Transmission

NEW Five-speed manual transmission enhancements help provide quieter operation and extended gear life.

A five-speed manual transmission is standard on 2-Door Blazer models. The transmission's short-throw shifter is designed for a crisp feel through all gears. The first gear ratio is 3.49:1, providing responsive acceleration. A fifth gear overdrive (0.78:1) reduces engine rpm at cruising speed for increased fuel economy and optimum engine life.



4L60-E 4-Speed Electronic Automatic Transmission

GM's 4L60-E 4-speed automatic overdrive transmission is standard equipment on select Blazer models. The 4L60-E's "intelligent" electronic controls allow the transmission to match the engine's performance, delivering optimum fuel efficiency.

4L60-E Features:

- Vamac pump cover seals
- Clutch plate is designed for added durability and performance
- Wide range of gear ratios
- Powertrain Control Module (PCM) in the 4L60-E helps provide precision and flexibility. It
 measures key vehicle input, including throttle position, vehicle speed, gear range, temperature
 and engine load. Four solenoids connected to the PCM help control shift points for smoother
 shifting
- Virtually seamless operation is made possible, since the PCM acts as an interface between the engine and transmission
- Shift-timing is electronically controlled
- Brake/transmission shift interlock is standard. The interlock requires the driver to depress the brake pedal to shift out of PARK
- Second-gear-start feature helps provide an extra measure of control during slippery driving conditions. The driver can reduce torque to the drive wheels by moving the gear selector to the DRIVE 2 position, thereby increasing control during initial acceleration on slippery surfaces.

Four-Wheel-Drive Systems

Insta-Trac

"On the fly" shifting, from 2WD to 4WD Hi and back at any speed is possible with the Insta-Trac system. Insta-Trac makes it easy to shift into and out of four-wheel-drive without leaving the cab. The system also includes a 4WD low gear for more demanding 4WD maneuvers such as climbing steep grades or driving through deep snow or mud (vehicle must be stopped to shift into 4-LO).

Autotrac

Autotrac system is capable of automatically engaging four-wheel drive for maximum traction. This system is not all-wheel drive, but more accurately termed a standby four-wheel-drive system. Autotrac provides 100 percent rear-wheel drive until road conditions warrant a change. When extra traction is needed, an electronic control module activates an electronic motor to transfer the torque between the front and rear wheels — all within less than a quarter of a second. Once the speeds of the front and rear prop shafts are equalized (traction is regained), the transfer case returns to its standby mode until another speed differential occurs. Autotrac features a transfer case neutral position for towing behind a recreational vehicle. Autotrac is standard on LT 4x4 models and optional on LS 4x4 models.

Suspension

Front

- Independent Short/Long Arm (SLA) front suspension with stabilizer bar equips the front of every Blazer model. The SLA suspension helps the front wheels "step" over bumps independently for a stable ride and control, while keeping the tires in contact with the road for less tire wear and better traction
- Two-wheel-drive models have computer-selected, friction-free coil springs for virtually squeakfree operation
- Four-wheel-drive models include computer-selected torsion bars for optimum ride and handling.
 The front differential is mounted to the frame with rubber bushings to isolate road bumps and
 jolts. The independent front suspension design helps minimize the protrusion of the transmission,
 transfer case and driveshafts below the body for additional protection when traveling over uneven
 surfaces.

Rear

Live rear axle and variable-rate, two-stage, multi-leaf springs comprise the rear suspension. The
longer set of leaves provides a smooth ride when the vehicle is unloaded or lightly loaded. As
additional passengers and cargo are added, the longer leaves flatten out, and shorter, stiffer
leaves deliver additional support without sacrificing a comfortable ride.

Additional Features:

- Blazer uses a precise integration of suspension, steering and chassis components for driving control. Key components include:
 - A rock-solid structure with a heavy steel ladder-type frame, boxed to the rear axle for torsional rigidity
 - Variable-ratio power steering with a tuned spool valve that helps provide tight control for highway/road driving and easy steering in tight parking situations
 - Tuned tires are designed to handle dry pavement or wet and snowy conditions while delivering a quiet ride
 - Large diameter drop-link front and rear stabilizer bars help control body lean when cornering

 Urethane jounce bumpers are oversized to help absorb impact as the auxiliary rear springs engage. This also helps reduce "mule-like" kickback some other truck suspensions deliver when they hit a bump while unloaded.

Suspension Choices

Blazer offers a variety of suspensions to meet various driving demands, from highway driving to offroading. Each package combines the right components for a specific driving need, including springs, shock absorbers, stabilizer bars and tires. Suspension choices include:

- Z83 (optional on Two-Door) and ZQ1 (optional on Four-Door) Smooth Ride Suspensions are ideal for everyday city and highway driving and light-duty trailering. They provide a soft ride and smooth handling
- Z85 Touring Ride Suspension, standard on Two- and Four-Door models, utilizes premium Bilstein
 or de Carbon monotube high pressure gas shock absorbers and firm spring rates for a taut, wellcontrolled ride
- ZR2 Wide-Stance Sport Performance Package, available on the 2-Door Blazer LS 4x4 model, accommodates serious off-road driving enthusiasts. It utilizes a chassis with a 4-inch-wider tread, reinforced frame and the ZR2 Firm Ride Suspension which includes:
 - 46mm Bilstein pressurized shocks
 - 3.9-inch-wider tread in front and rear
 - 31" x 10.5" R-15 on- /off-road tires
 - · specific strengthened front differential gears and drive axles
 - specific rear axle with an 8.5" ring gear
 - · larger rear wheel bearings
 - longer, larger diameter axle shafts.
 - a specific rear suspension with revised rear multi-leaf springs
 - rear axle track bar
 - skid plate package
 - G80 locking differential

Steering

Blazer features a variable-ratio (16:1 to 13:1) steering gear with a specially tuned spool valve. This gear helps provide quick, responsive steering that helps make tight driving situations and parking easier.

Brakes

NEW ABS controller (EBC 325) is the brain behind the antilock brake system. It measures wheel speed by using three sensors — one at each front wheel and one at the transmission output shaft. The controller helps ensure long life and reliable antilock performance

- 4-wheel disc brakes are standard on all Blazer models for dependable braking action, even under wet conditions. This system helps dissipate heat more effectively than drum brakes which helps reduce brake fade. Benefits include impressive brake pedal feel, pedal force, response time, high altitude performance and brake-wear life
- Audible disc brake pad-wear sensors alert the driver when brake pad maintenance is needed
- 4-wheel antilock brake system is standard. ABS helps the driver maintain steering control during severe braking situations by reducing wheel lockup on most slippery surfaces. All the driver has to do is maintain pressure on the brake pedal and steer the vehicle. ABS adjusts brake pressure by modulating the brakes several times per second, a rate even most skilled professional drivers cannot attain.

Wheels And Tires

Wheels



Aluminum Torqued 5-Spoke Wheel with bright machined-face and argent-painted accents. Included on 2WD models with LS or LT trim. Standard on the TrailBlazer 2WD model (gold or silver-painted accents).



Aluminum 5-Spoke Wheel is standard with LS trim on Four-Door 4x4 models.



Aluminum Flat 5-Spoke Wheel with bright machined-face and medium gray accents. Standard with LS trim on Two-Door 4x4 models. Standard on TrailBlazer 4x4 models (gold or silver-painted accents).



Aluminum Directional Wheel with bright machinedface and black accents. Standard with LT trim on Four-Door 4x4 models.

Tires

- P235/70R-15 all-season steel-belted highway radial-ply blackwall tires are standard with the Touring Ride Suspension Package
- P205/75R-15 all-season steel-belted radial blackwall tires are optional with the Smooth Ride Suspension Package
- P205/75R-15 all-season steel-belted highway White Outline Lettered radial-ply tires are optional with the Smooth Ride Suspension Package
- P235/70R-15 all-season steel-belted highway radial-ply white outline lettered radial tires are available with the Touring Suspension Package
- P235/75R-15 on-/off-road steel-belted radial white outline-lettered tires are optional with Touring Ride (Z85) and standard on TrailBlazer 4x4 models
- 31" x 10.5" P235/75R15 on- /off-road steel-belted radial blackwall tires are standard on the ZR2 Wide-Stance Sport Performance Suspension Package only.

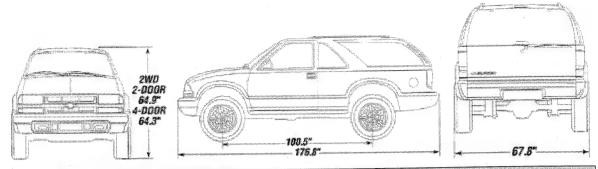
Feature Availability

	LS 2- Door	LS 4 Door	LT 4- Door	ZR2 2-Door	TrailBlaze 4-Door
Interior		Zana di Alba (Alba		Linguinger	
Air bag, driver and right-front passenger	S	S	S	S	S
Air conditioning – with CFC-free					NIA
refrigerant	S	S	S	S	NA
Air conditioning – with electronic climate		NIA	0	NA	S
control	NA	NA	0	INA	0
Convenience Group - Tilt Wheel&	0	0	S	S	S
steering column	0	0	3		
- cruise control	0	0	S	S	S
- power windows, locks and mirrors	0	0	S	S	S
Door trim – w/lh and rh molded map	S	S	S	S	S
pockets	5				
Heating ducts – rear seat	S	S	S	S	S
Gauges – fuel level, odometer, oil,	S	S	S	S	s
coolant, odometer, volts and tachometer					
Lights, interior – delayed entry	S	S	S	S	S
Seating – five or six passenger (varies by	S	S	S	S	S
model) Seats- 60/40 split bench w/storage			NIA	NA	NA
armrest (4-Door)	NA	S	NA	INA	INA
- buckets w/manual lumbar	S	0	NA	S	NA
– buckets w/driver 8-way power	NA	NA	S	NA	NA
- buckets w/driver and passenger 8-way	NA	NA	0	NA	s
power, driver memory (4-Door)	INA	INA		14/	
Steering wheel - leather-wrapped, four-	NA	NA	s	S	s
spoke	INA	INA	- 3		
Stereo – ETR AM/FM stereo with	S	S	NA	NA	NA
cassette, seek-scan and digital clock	3	0	10/1		
 ETR AM/FM stereo with cassette, seek- 					
scan, digital clock TheftLock,	0	0	0	s	0
speed-compensated volume and auto					
tone control					
speed-compensated volume and auto	0	0	0	S	0
tone control					
 ETR AM/FM stereo with compact disc 	0	0	S	0	S
 Bose six speaker sound system 	0	0	0	0	0
w/cassette or CD			S	S	S
Turn signal-on reminder chime	S	S			
Stowage box – instrument panel and in	S	S	S	S	S
rear-seat area (2-Door)	S	S	S	S	S
Warning tone – headlamps-on	S	S	S	S	S
Wipers – intermittent variable	3	3		1 0	
Exterior		T		·	1
Daytime Running Lamps with Automatic	S	S	S	S	S
Exterior Lamp Control			NIA.	NA	NA
Mirrors – below eyeline foldaway	. S	S	NA	S	NA NA
 below eyeline, foldaway, power heated 	0	0	S	3	INA

below eyeline power heated (self-dimming LH)	NA	NA	0	NA	S
Tires – P235/70R-15	S	S	S	NA	S
(2WD)– P235/75R-15 white outline- lettered on-/off-road	0	0	0	NA	S(4x4)
- 31" x 10.5" P235/75R-15 on- /off-road WOL	NA	NA	NA	S	NA
Wheels– aluminum torqued 5-spoke (2WD)	S	S	S	NA	S
 aluminum flat 5-spoke (4x4 models) 	S	NA	NA	S	S1
 aluminum directional (4x4 models) 	NA	NA	S	NA	NA
Functional					
Brakes – 4-wheel antilock	S	S	S	S	S
 power — front disc/rear disc 	S	S	S	S	
Cargo capacity – 66.9/74.1 cu. ft. (2-Door/4-Door)	S	S	S	S	S
Engine – Vortec 4300 V6 SFI	S	S	S	S	S
Fuel capacity – 19 gallon (2-Door)/18.0 gallon (approx.) (4-Door)	S	S	S	S	S
Remote Keyless Entry with content theft alarm	0	0	S	0	S
Suspension – Smooth Ride — 2-Door/4- Door	0	0	0	NA	NA
- Touring — 2-Door/4-Door	S	S	S	NA	S
 Wide-Stance Sport Performance 	NA	NA	NA	S	NA
Trailering capacity – 5900/5600 lbs. (depending on model)3	S	S	S	NA	S
Transmission – 4-speed electronically controlled automatic	0	S	· s	0	S
– 5-speed manual w/overdrive (2-Door)	S	NA	NA	S	NA

<sup>S — Standard.
O — Optional (some options may be available only as part of a Preferred Equipment Group).
NA—Not available.
1 With gold or silver accents.
2 With rear seat folded.
3 When properly equipped.</sup>

Specifications



Model Availabili	ty
	2-Door and 4-Door models
Passengers	2-Door; 4-Door 5/6
Class	Compact Sport Utility
Assembly plant	Moraine, Ohio (4-Door models) and Linden, New Jersey (2-Door and 4-Door models)
Primary structure	Welded steel frame
Body material	Hot-dipped steel (two-sided galvanized on strategic panels) (excludes roof)

Dimensions & Capacities (inches/millimeters, unless otherwise noted)

E.A. i Dii	2WD		4x4		
Exterior Dimensions	2-Door	4-Door	2-Door	4-Door	
Wheelbase	100.5/2553	107.0/2718	100.5/2553	107.0/2718	
Overall length	176.8/4491	183.3/4656	176.8/4491	183.3/4656	
Maximum width	67.8/1722	67.8/1722	67.8*/1722	67.8 /1722	
Ground to rear load floor	29.9/760	29.8/760	29.5/749	29.4/74	
Ground clearance (front)	8.4/213	8.4/213	8.3†/211	8.3/211	
Ground clearance (rear)	8.1/206	7.6/193	8.0†/203	7.5/191	
Est. curb weight (lbs./kg)	3518/1596	3671/1666	3848/1746	4049/1837	
Maximum GVWR (lbs./kg)	4450/2019	5000/2268	4850*/2200	5350/2427	
Base payload (std.) (lbs./kg)	932/423	1329/603	1002/455	1301/591	
Max. trailer capacity (lbs./kg)	5500/2495	5500/2495	5000/2268	5000/2268	
Interior Dimensions*					
Headroom (front)	39.6/1006	39.6/1006	39.6/1006	39.6/1006	
Headroom (rear)	38.3/973	38.3/973	38.3/973	38.3/973	
Legroom (front)	42.4/1077	42.4/1077	42.4/1077	42.4/1077	
Legroom (rear)	35.6/904	36.3/922	35.6/904	36.3/922	
Shoulder room (front)	57.7/1466	57.2/1453	57.7/1466	57.2/1453	
Shoulder room (rear)	55.6/1412	57.2/1453	55.6/1412	57.2/1453	
Hip room (front)	52.0/1321	53.6/1361	52.0/1321	53.6/1361	
Hip room (rear)	40.5/1029	51.3/1303	40.5/1029	51.3/1303	
Cargo volume (rear seat up)(cu. ft/liters)	30.2/858	37.3/1059	30.2/858	37.3/1059	
Cargo volume (folded)(cu. ft./liters)	66.9/1900	74.1/2103	66.9/1900	74.1/2103	

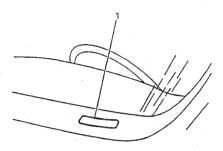
^{71.5} inches (1816mm) for ZR2 model.
Ground clearance for ZR2 model is 9.2/8.9 in. (234/226mm) - (front/rear) 5,000 lb. (2268 kg) GVWR available with ZR2.

Steering					
	All models				
Туре	Variable, integral power, recirculating ball				
Steering ratio	16/13:1				
	2WD	10/	4x4		
	2-Door	2-Door	4-Door		
Turns, lock-to-lock	3.38	4-Door 3.38	2.97	2.97	
Turning diameter, Curb-to-curb					
(ft./m) turning	34.8/10.6	36.6/11.2	35.2/10.7	39.5/12.0	
Brakes					
		All m	nodels		
Туре	Four-wheel AB		, front disc/rear di	sc (all models	
	U. S. STA	NDARD		RIC	
Front size (disc) (in./mm)	10.82 x			29mm	
Rear size (drum) (in./mm)	11.6 x .			20mm	
Booster diaphragm	9.4			mm	
Parking brake			with drum/hat de		
Engine	, = 3.5		and the second second	- 9	
angule			200		
		L	35		
Туре		Vortec 43	300 V6 SFI		
Block material		Cas	t-iron		
Cylinder head material	Cast-iron				
Bore & stroke (in./mm)		4.00 x 3.48	/101.6 x 88.4		
Displacement (cu. in./cc)		262/	/4300		
Compression ratio		9.	2:1		
Induction system		S	FI		
Valves/cylinder			2		
Lifters			ılic roller		
Cam drive		Ch	nain		
Horsepower/kW @ RPM (SAE net)		190 @ 4400/1	42 kW @ 4400		
Torque/N-m @ RPM (SAE net)		250 @ 2800/3	39 N-m @ 2800		
Redline (RPM)			600		
Recommended fuel (min.)		87 O	ctane		
Fuel tank capacity	10 /2-	Door\/72 liters	17.5 (4-Door)/66	litors	
(gallons/liters)	10 (2	——————————————————————————————————————	17.5 (4-0001)/00	iller S	
Transmissions					
Transmission type	4-speed electro w/overdrive toro (4L60	que converter	5-speed manua (NVG 3500 -		
1st	3.00		3.4	49	
2nd	1.63		2.		
3rd	1.00		1.		
4th	0.70		1.0		
5th	_		0.7		
Reverse	2.29	9	3.5	55	

Chassis								
		All Models						
Frame		All-welded, ladder-type, channel design and boxed front section						
		Independent w/computer-selected coil springs (2WD) or torsion						
Front		•		b	ars (4x4)		
Rear		Semi-elliptic 2-stage, multi-leaf spring						
Shocks (mm)		32 w/standard suspension						
Stabilizer bar (front/rear) (mm)		33/23 w/standard suspension						
Mileage/Performar	ice*							
		4-Speed Automatic			5-speed Manual			
Powertrain	2\	ND		x4	2\	WD		lx4
Mileage:		liters/10		liters/10	mna	liters/10	mpg	liters/10
	mpg	0 km	mpg	0 km	mpg	0 km		0 k
City	16	14.7	16	14.7	17	13.8	15	14.7
Highway	21	11.2	20	11.8	23	10.2	18	11.2
Est. cruising range†:	mi.	km	mi.	km	mi.	km	mi.	km
City	304	492	304	492	323	523	285	462
Highway	399	646	380	617	437	708	342	554
*Based on 1999 informati	on.†Estima	ated Cruisin	g Range I	pased on 19	-gallon fu	el capacity.		
Trailering Informa	tion			a de la constante de la consta				
		2WD 4x4						
Trailer classification		Med			Medium			
Gross trailer weight	5900/2676 5600/2540							
(lbs/kg., up to)	tht should be 10 to 15 percent of total loaded trailer weight (up to 750 lbs.).							
NOTE:Trailer tongue weigh	ght should	be 10 to 15	percent o	of total loade	ed trailer v	weight (up it	7 700 108.).
Wheels & Tires								
	2WD &	4x4						
Type*	Aluminum							
Size (in.)	15 x 7							
Tire type	All-season steel-belted radial blackwall							
Tire size	P235/70R-15 blackwall							
* 15-inch aluminum w	neels optio	nal.						

Vehicle Identification

Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)



The vehicle identification number (VIN) plate is the legal identifier of the vehicle. The VIN plate is located on the upper LH corner of the Instrument Panel and can be seen through the windshield from the outside of the vehicle:

Position	Position Definition		Description	
1	Country of Origin	1,4	U.S. Built	
2	Manufacturer	G	General Motors	
		С	Chevrolet Truck	
		Н	Oldsmobile MPV	
3	Make	K	GMC MPV	
	,	N	Chevrolet MPV	
		T `	GMC Truck	
		В	3,001-4,000 HYD Brakes	
		С	4,001-5,000 HYD Brakes	
4	GVWR/Brake System	D	5,001-6,000 HYD Brakes	
	O W V Drake Cystem	E F	6,001-7,000 HYD Brakes	
			7,001-8,000 HYD Brakes	
	· ·	G	8,001-9,000 HYD Brakes	
5	Truck Line/Chassis Type	S	Sm Conventional Cab	
			4x2	
		T	Sm Conventional Cab	
			4x4	
6	Series	1	½ Ton Nominal	
		3	4-Door Cab/Utility	
7	Body Type	4	Two-Door Cab	
	Dody Type	8	Two-Door Utility	
		9	Two-Door Extended Cab	
8		W	4.3L V6CPI	
	Engine Type	X	4.3L V6MFI	
	7	4	2.2L L4MFI	
9	Check Digit	0 Y	Check Digit	
10	10 Model Year		2000	
11		K	Linden, NJ	
	Plant Location	8	Shreveport, LA	
		2	Moraine, OH	
12-17	Plant Sequence Number	100001	Plant Sequence Number	

VIN Derivative

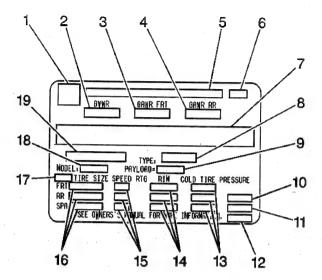
All engines and transmissions are stamped or laser etched with a partial vehicle identification number (VIN), which was derived from the complete VIN. A VIN derivative contains the following nine positions:

Position	Position Definition		Description	
1		C,N	Chevrolet	
	GM Division Identifier	T,K	GMC	
		Н	Oldsmobile	
2	Model Year	Y	2000	
		K	Linden, NJ	
		8	Shreveport, LA	
3	Assembly Plant	2	Moraine, OH	
	in the state of t	Χ	E.E.M.S	
4-9	Plant Sequence Number		-	

A VIN derivative can be used to determine if a vehicle contains the original engine or transmission, by matching the VIN derivative positions to their accompanying positions in the complete VIN:

VIN Derivative Position	Equivalent VIN Position
1	3
2	10
3	11
4-5	12-17

Label Certification w/o RPO Z49



- (1) GM Logo
- (2) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
- (3) Gross Axle Weight Rating Front
- (4) Gross Axle Weight Rating Rear
- (5) Name Of Manufacturer
- (6) Final Manufacturer's Date
- (7) Manufacturer's Statement
- (8) Model Designation
- (9) Payload
- (10) DUAL When Equipped
- (11) Front Axle Reserve When Equipped
- (12) Total Capacity When Required
- (13) Tire Pressure
- (14) Rim Size
- (15) Speed Rating When Required
- (16) Tire Size
- (17) GVW Rating Code
- (18) Engineering Model
- (19) Vehicle Identification Number

The vehicle certification label displays the following assessments:

- The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR)
- The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) -- Front and Rear
- The vehicle's payload rating
- The original equipment tire sizes and the recommended tire pressures

Gross vehicle weight (GVW) is the weight of the vehicle and everything it carries. Include the following items when figuring the GVW:

- The base vehicle weight (factory weight)
- The weight of all vehicle accessories, like the winches or the plows
- The weight of the driver and the passengers
- The weight of the cargo

The gross vehicle weight must not exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating.

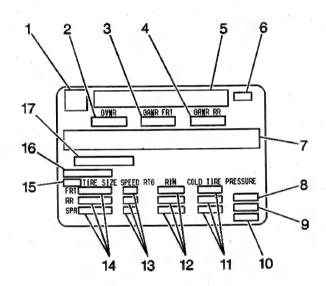
The front gross axle weight rating (GAWR FRT) is the weight exerted on the front axle. The rear gross axle weight rating (GAW RR) is the weight exerted on the rear axle. The front and rear gross axle weights must not exceed the front and rear gross axle weight ratings.

The payload rating defines the vehicle's maximum allowable cargo load. The cargo load includes the driver and the passengers. The payload rating is based on the vehicle's factory installed equipment. Deduct from the payload rating the weight of accessories added to the vehicle after the final date of manufacture.

The vehicle may have a Gross Combination Weight Rating (GCWR). The Gross Combination Weight Rating refers to the total maximum weight of the loaded tow vehicle (including driver and passengers) and a loaded trailer.

The vehicle's tires must be the proper size and properly inflated for the load the vehicle is carrying.

Label Certification w/o RPO Z49 - Incomplete Vehicle



- (1) Logo
- (2) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
- (3) Gross Axle Weight Rating Front
- (4) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating Rear
- (5) Name of Manufacturer
- (6) Manufacturer's Date
- (7) Manufacturer's Statement
- (8) DUAL When Equipped
- (9) Front Axle Reserve When Required
- (10) Total Capacity When Required
- (11) Tire Pressure Spare Optional
- (12) Rim Size Spare Optional
- (13) Speed Rating When required Spare Optional
- (14) Tire Size Spare Optional
- (15) GVW Rating Code
- (16) Engineering Model
- (17) Vehicle Identification Number

2000 Chevrolet Blazer Restoration Kit

The vehicle certification label displays the following assessments:

- The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR)
- The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) -- Front and Rear
- The vehicle's payload rating
- The original equipment tire sizes and the recommended tire pressures

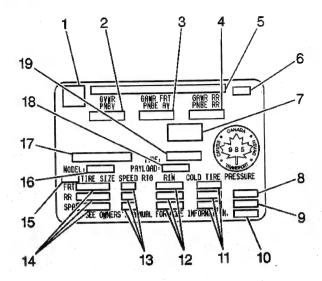
Gross vehicle weight (GVW) is the weight of the vehicle and everything it carries. Include the following items when figuring the GVW:

- The base vehicle weight factory weight
- The weight of all vehicle accessories, like the winches or the plows
- The weight of the driver and the passengers
- The weight of the cargo

The gross vehicle weight must not exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating.

The front gross axle weight rating (GAWR FRT) is the weight exerted on the front axle. The rear gross axle weight rating (GAW RR) is the weight exerted on the rear axle. The front and rear gross axle weights must not exceed the front and rear gross axle weight ratings.

Label Certification with RPO Z49



- (1) Logo
- (2) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
- (3) Gross Axle Weight Rating Front
- (4) Gross Axle Weight Rating Rear
- (5) Name of Manufacturer
- (6) Final Manufacturer's Date
- (7) RFI Statement Canada Only
- (8) DUAL When Equipped
- (9) Front Axle Reserve When Equipped
- (10) Total Capacity When Required
- (11) Tire Pressure
- (12) Rim Size
- (13) Speed Rating When Required
- (14) Tire Size
- (15) GVW Rating Code
- (16) Engineering Model
- (17) Vehicle Identification Number
- (18) Payload
- (19) Model Designation

The vehicle certification label displays the following assessments:

- The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR)
- The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) -- Front and Rear
- The vehicle's payload rating
- The original equipment tire sizes and the recommended tire pressures

Gross vehicle weight (GVW) is the weight of the vehicle and everything it carries. Include the following items when figuring the GVW:

- The base vehicle weight factory weight
- The weight of all vehicle accessories, like the winches or the plows
- The weight of the driver and the passengers
- The weight of the cargo

The gross vehicle weight must not exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating.

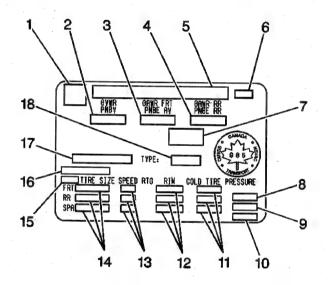
The front gross axle weight rating (GAWR FRT) is the weight exerted on the front axle. The rear gross axle weight rating (GAW RR) is the weight exerted on the rear axle. The front and rear gross axle weights must not exceed the front and rear gross axle weight ratings.

The payload rating defines the vehicle's maximum allowable cargo load. The cargo load includes the driver and the passengers. The payload rating is based on the vehicle's factory installed equipment. Deduct from the payload rating the weight of accessories added to the vehicle after the final date of manufacture .

The vehicle may have a Gross Combination Weight Rating (GCWR). The Gross Combination Weight Rating refers to the total maximum weight of the loaded tow vehicle including driver and passengers and a loaded trailer.

The vehicle tires must be the proper size and properly inflated for the load the vehicle is carrying.

Label Certification with RPO Z49 - Incomplete Vehicle



- (1) Logo
- (2) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
- (3) Gross Axle Weight Rating Front
- (4) Gross Axle Weight Rating Rear
- (5) Name Of Manufacturer
- (6) Manufacturer's Date
- (7) RFI Statement Canada Only
- (8) DUAL When Equipped
- (9) Front Axle Reserve When Required
- (10) Total Capacity When Required
- (11) Tire Pressure Spare Optional
- (12) Rim Size Spare Optional
- (13) Speed Rating When Required Spare Optional
- (14) Tire Size Spare Optional
- (15) GVW Rating Code
- (16) Engineering Model
- (17) Vehicle Identification Number
- (18) Model Designation

The vehicle certification label displays the following assessments:

- The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR)
- The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) -- Front and Rear
- · The vehicle's payload rating
- The original equipment tire sizes and the recommended tire pressures

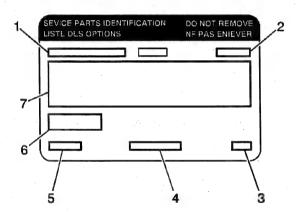
Gross vehicle weight (GVW) is the weight of the vehicle and everything it carries. Include the following items when figuring the GVW:

- The base vehicle weight factory weight
- The weight of all vehicle accessories, like the winches or the plows
- The weight of the driver and the passengers
- · The weight of the cargo

The gross vehicle weight must not exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating.

The front gross axle weight rating (GAWR FRT) is the weight exerted on the front axle. The rear gross axle weight rating (GAW RR) is the weight exerted on the rear axle. The front and rear gross axle weights must not exceed the front and rear gross axle weight ratings.

Service Parts Identification Label (SPID)

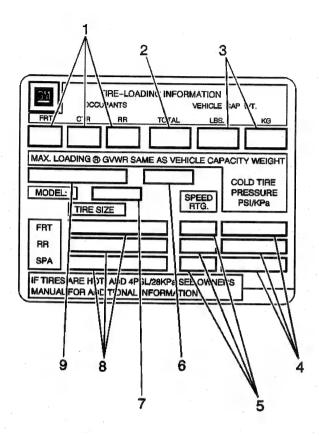


- 1. Vehicle Identification Number
- 2. Engineering Model Number (Vehicle Division, Vehicle Line and Body Style)
- 3. Interior Trim and Decor Level
- 4. Exterior (Paint Color) WA Number
- 5. Paint Technology
- 6. Special Order Paint Colors and Numbers
- 7. Vehicle Option Content

The service parts identification label is placed on the vehicle in order to help service and parts personnel identify the vehicle's original parts and the vehicle's original options.

The service parts identification label is located on the instrument panel storage compartment.

Tire Placard

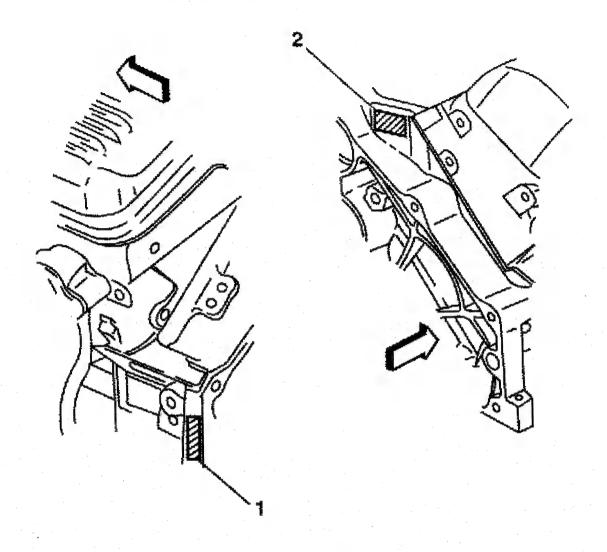


- (1) Specified Occupant Seating Positions
- (2) Total Occupant Seating
- (3) Maximum Vehicle Capacity Weight
- (4) Tire Pressures, Front, Rear, and Spare
- (5) Tire Speed Rating, Front, Rear, and Spare
- (6) Tire Label Code
- (7) Engineering Model Minus First Character
- (8) Tire Sizes, Front, Rear, and Spare
- (9) Vehicle Identification Number

The Tire Placard is permanently located on the edge of the driver's door. Refer to the placard in order to obtain the following information:

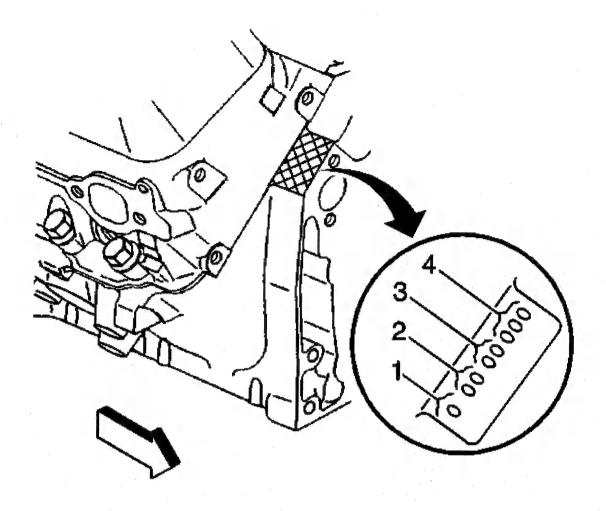
- The maximum vehicle capacity weight
- The cold tire inflation pressures
- The tire sizes (original equipment tires)
- The tire speed ratings (original equipment tires)

Engine ID and VIN Derivative Location 4.3L



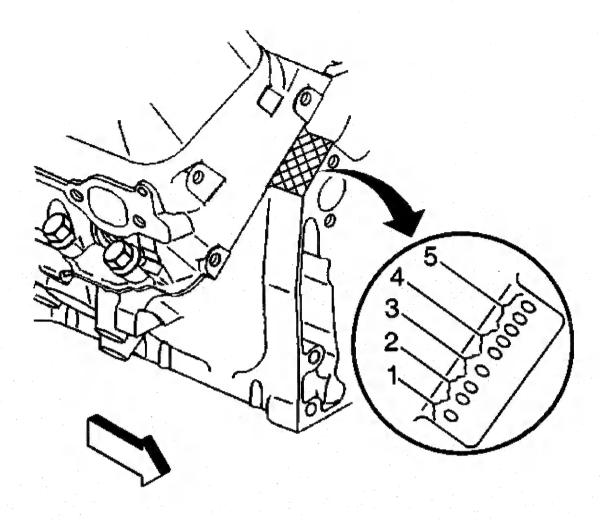
The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) Derivative is located on the left side rear of the engine block (1) or on the right side rear (2) and typically is a nine digit number stamped or laser etched onto the engine at the vehicle assembly plant.

- The first digit identifies the division.
- The second digit identifies the model year.
- The third digit identifies the assembly plant.
- The fourth through ninth digits are the last six digits of the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN).



Engines built at the Tonawanda engine plant have the engine identification number located at the right front top of the engine block.

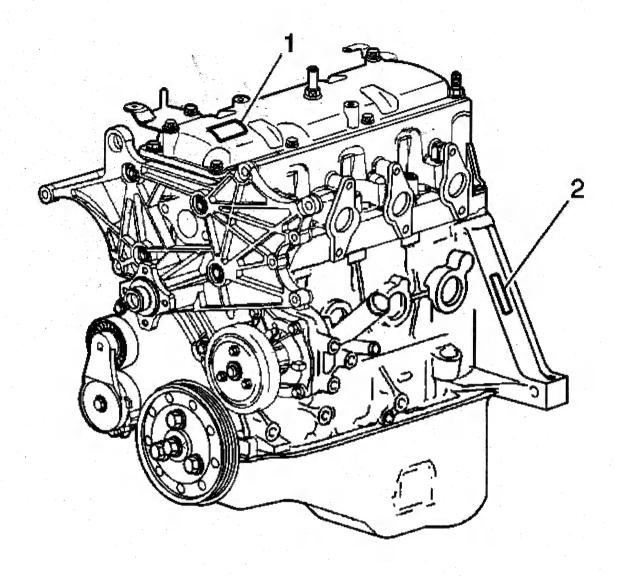
- The first digit (1) is the source code.
- The second and third digits (2) are the month of build.
- The fourth and fifth digits (3) are the date of build.
- The sixth, seventh, and eighth digits (4) are the broadcast code.



Engines built at the Romulus engine plant have the engine identification number located at the right front top of the engine block.

- The first digit (1) is the source code.
- The second and third digits (2) are the month of build.
- The fourth digit (3) is the hour of the build.
- The fifth and sixth digits (4) are the date of build.
- The seventh, eighth, and ninth digits (5) are the broadcast code.

Engine ID and VIN Derivative Location 2.2L

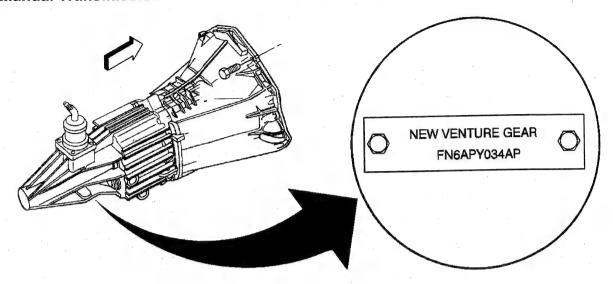


Identification can be made through the use of the Broadcast Code label on the valve rocker arm cover (1) and the use of the partial VIN etched on the left side of the engine block above the starter (2).

The broadcast code identifies the engine, transmission, and vehicle relationship. The partial VIN identifies the specific vehicle by sequence number.

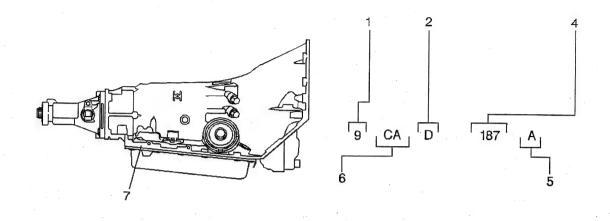
Transmission ID and VIN Derivative Location

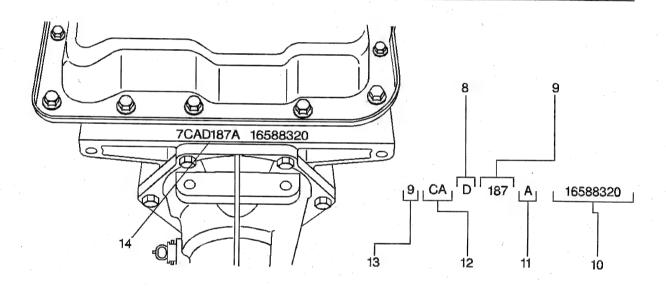
Manual Transmission



The transmission model identification is located on a label or tag on the transmission case. If this label is missing or unreadable, use the service parts identification label in order to identify the vehicle's transmission.

4L60-E Transmission ID Location





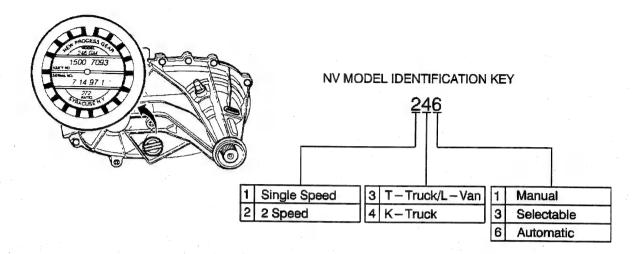
- (1) Model Year
- (2) Hydra-Matic 4L60-E
- (4) Julian Date (or Day of the Year)
- (5) Shift Built (A, B, J = First Shift; C, H, W = Second Shift)
- (6) Model
- (7) Transmission ID Location
- (8) Hydra-Matic 4L60-E
- (9) Julian Date (or Day of the Year)
- (10) Serial No.
- (11) Shift Built (A, B, J = First Shift; C, H, W = Second Shift)
- (12) Model
- (13) Model Year
- (14) Transmission ID Location

Transmission Usage

	Engine		Engine Transmission	
Model	Base	Option	Base	Option
S105 (06)	4.3L V6 (L35)		5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
S105 (16)	4.3L V6 (L35)		5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
S106 (03)	2.2L L4 (LN2)	4.3L V6 (LF6) 4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (MW2)	5 Spd. Manual (M50) 4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
S106 (53)	2.2L L4 (LN2)	4.3L V6 (LF6) 4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (MW2)	5 Spd. Manual (M50) 4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
S108 (03)	2.2L L4 (LN2)	4.3L V6 (LF6) 4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (MW2)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
T105 (06)	4.3L V6 (L35)		5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
T105 (16)	4.3L V6 (L35)	-	5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
T106 (03)	4.3L V6 (LF6)	4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
T106 (53)	4.3L V6 (LF6)	4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)
T108 (03)	4.3L V6 (LF6)	4.3L V6 (L35)	5 Spd. Manual (M50)	4 Spd. Auto. (M30)

Model Codes: S-Two-Wheel Drive and T-Four Wheel Drive 03—Two Door Cab 06—Four Door Utility 16—Two Door Utility 53—Two Door Extended Cab 08—Long Box Pickup

Transfer Case Identification

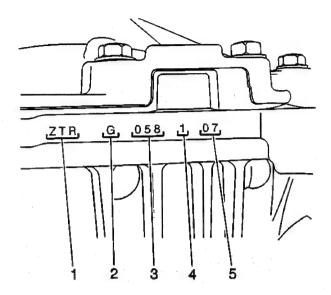


An identification tag is attached to the rear half of the transfer case. The tag provides the following information:

- The transfer case model number
- An assembly number
- A serial number
- The low range reduction ratio

The information on this tag is necessary for servicing the transfer case. If the tag is removed or becomes dislodged during service operations, keep the identification tag with the unit.

Axle Identification - Front



- (1) Broadcast Code
- (2) Supplier Code (G = American Axle)
- (3) Julian Date (Day of Year)
- (4) Shift Built (1 = First Shift; 2 = Second Shift) (Optional for 8.25" and 9.25" axles)
- (5) Hour Built

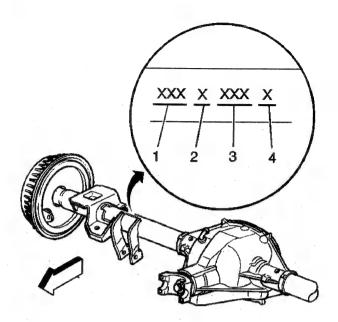
Front axle identification information is stamped on the top of the differential carrier assembly.

The following broadcast codes identifies the axle ratio:

Broadcast Code	Ratio
ZTM	3.08
ZTN, ZTU, ZTW, ZSY, ZA2, ZC2	3.42
ZTP, ZTR, ZTS, ZTX, ZSZ, ZB2,ZD2	3.73
ZTT,ZF2	4.10
ZH2	4.56

The information on the differential carrier assembly is necessary for servicing.

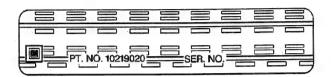
Axle Identification - Rear



- (1) Rear Axle Ratio
- (2) Build Source (C = Buffalo; K = Canada)
- (3) Julian Date
- (4) Shift Built (1 = First; 2 = Second)

All rear axles are identified by a broadcast code on the right axle tube near the carrier. The rear axle identification and manufacturer's codes must be known before attempting to adjust or to repair axle shafts or the rear axle case assembly. Rear axle ratio, differential type, manufacturer, and build date information is stamped on the right axle tube on the forward side.

Labeling - Anti-Theft



Notice

The anti-theft label found on some major body panels MUST be covered before performing any painting, rustproofing or undercoating procedures. The mask must also be removed following those procedures. Failure to follow these precautionary steps may result in liability for violation of the Federal Vehicle Theft Prevention Standard, and subject the vehicle owner to possible suspicion that the part was stolen.

Federal law requires General Motors (GM) to affix a label to certain parts on selected vehicles with the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). The purpose of this law is to reduce the number of motor vehicle thefts by helping in the tracing and recovery of parts from stolen vehicles. The certification label on the driver's door qualifies as a theft deterrent label.

The theft deterrent label will be permanently affixed to an interior surface of the part and will contain the complete VIN. The label on replacement parts will contain the letter R, the manufacturer's logo, and the acronym for the Department of Transportation (DOT). DO NOT deface, or remove these labels.

RPO Code List

The production/process codes provide the description of the Regular Production Options (RPOs) used on the vehicle. The RPO list is printed on the Service Parts Identification Label. The following is a list of the RPO abbreviations and the description of each:

Code	Description
AA3	Windows: Deep Tint 1/4 Window; Light Tint Rear Window
AG0	Seat Adjuster: Power/Memory, Eight-Way, Two-Position, Driver
AG1	Seat Adjuster: Power, Six-Way, Driver
AG2	Seat Adjuster: Power, Six-Way, Passenger
AH8	Seat Adjuster: Power, Eight-Way, Passenger
AJ1	Windows: Deep Tint, all Except W/S and DRS
AM6	Seat: Front Split, 3 Passenger, Center Armrest
AM7	Seat: Rear Folding
ANL	Sales Package: Air Deflector and Fog Lamps
AN3	Seat: Driver, Pass, Elect. Body Support
AP9	Convenience Net
AU0	Lock Control, Remote Entry
AU3	Lock Control, Side Door, Electric
AV5	Seat: Front Bucket, High Back
AXP	Vin Ident Position, Multi-Purpose Vehicle, Requires AM7 Rear Seat
AX4	Restraint Conversion Seat, Man, European
A26	Window, European Glazing, All
A28	Window: Sliding Rear, Full Width
A31	Window: Power Operated, Side
A52	Seat: Front Bench
BAG	Parts Package Export
BG9	Covering: Floor, Rubber
BNB	Ornamentation, Exterior, Unpainted, Export
B30	Covering: Floor, Carpet
B32	Covering: Front Floor Mats, Aux
B84	Molding: B/S Exterior
B94	Appearance Package: Bravada, Gold Package Content
CE4	Washer, Headlamp, High Pressure, Export
CF5	Roof, Sun, Glass, Sliding Electric
CKD	Vehicle Knocked Down
CR0	Lamp Interior, Eng Compt, Courtesy - Delete
CTB	Appearance Package: Chevrolet Trailblazer Sport
C25	Wiper System: Rear Window, Intermittent
C3A	4400 Lbs. GVW Rating
C3G	4450 Lbs. GVW Rating
C3T	5350 Lbs. GVW Rating
C42	HVAC System: Heater, Deluxe, Outside Air
C49	Defogger, Rear Window, Electric
C5A	4900 Lbs. GVW Rating
C5C	5000 Lbs. GVW Rating
C5D	4600 Lbs. GVW Rating
C5T	4200 Lbs. GVW Rating
C5X	4650 Lbs. GVW Rating
C6F	5150 Lbs. GVW Rating
C6I	4850 Lbs. GVW Rating
C60	HVAC System: Air Conditioner, Front, Manual Controls

C60	HVAC System: Air Conditioner: Front, Automatic, Electronic Controls
C68 DD0	Mirror: O/S, LH & RH, Rem. Control, Heated, LH LT Sensitive, Color
	Mirror: I/S, Sunshade, Illum., LH & RH
DH6	Mirror: O/S, LH & RH, Rem. Control, Electric, Heated, Color
DK2	
DK7	Console: Roof, Interior, Custom
DK8	Console: Roof, Interior, Deluxe Mirror: O/S, LH & RH, Rem. Control, Heated, Electric, Dual Pwr. Folding, LT
DR4	Sensitive, Color
D07	Console: Front Compartment Floor, Custom
D34	Mirror: Inside, Sunshade
D44	Mirror: O/S, LH & RH, Man. Control, Color
D55	Console: Front Compartment Floor
D88	Stripe: Decal, Sport
D96	Stripe: Body Side, Upper
EXP	Export, I.E.S.
E09	Equipment, Country, Europe
E24	Door: Side Cargo, Hinged
E55	Body Equipment: End Gate
E62	Body Equipment: Stepside, PUBX
	Pickup Box: Fleetside, PUBX
E63	
FE9	Certification: Emission, Federal
F46	Chassis: All Wheel Drive
GT4	Rear Axle: 3.73 Ratio
GT5	Rear Axle: 4.10 Ratio
GU4	Rear Axle: 3.08 Ratio
GU6	Rear Axle: 3.42 Ratio
G67	Level Control: Automatic, Air
G80	Rear Axle: Positraction, Limited Slip
JC1	Brake: Vac. Power, 4 Whl Disc, 5500 Lbs.
JM3	Brake Booster: 260 MM, Tandem High Flow
KA1	Heater: Seat
K05	Heater: Engine Block
K18	Reactor System Air Injection, Electric
K34	Cruise Control: Automatic, Electronic
K42	Air Cleaner "Off Road" Package
K53	Fuel Sender Asm, Robust Fuel System
K55	Fuel Sender Asm, Low Lubricity
K60	Generator: 100 Amp
LF6	Engine: Gas, 6 Cyl, 4.3L, CPI, V6, 90 Deg.
LN2	Engine: Gas, 4 Cyl, 2.2L, MFI
L35	Engine: Gas, 6 Cyl, 4.3L, CPI, V6, 90 Deg, HO
MW2	Transmission: Manual 5 Speed, New Venture Gear, 76mm, 3.94 1st
M30	Transmission: Auto 4 Speed, 4L60-E, Electronic
M50	Transmission, Manual 5-Speed, NVG, 85 mm, 3.49 1st, O/D
NA7	Emission System, European
NB7	Emission System: California, TLEV
NB8	Emission Override, California System
NC1	Emission System: California, LEV
NC7	Emission Override, Federal System
NF2	Emission System: Federal, Tier 1
	Certification Emission, Geographically Restricted Registration
NG1	Leaded Fuel System Compatible
8MN	
NN8	Emission Override, Unleaded Fuel, Export
NP1	Transfer Case: Electrical Shift, Two Speed

NP4	Tropofor Const. A.C. MAID Allian
NP5	Transfer Case: Active 4WD, All Wheel Drive (AWD)
	Steering Wheel: Leather Wrapped
NP6	Provisions, Transfer Case, Export
NP8	Transfer Case: Active, Two-Speed, Push button Control
N12	Exhaust System, Rear Exit
N33	Steering Column: Tilt Type
N40	Steering: Power, Non-Variable Ratio
N60	Wheel: Aluminum, Painted
N90	Wheel: 15 multiplied by 7, Aluminum Cast, 4.75 Inch Bolt Circle
N96	Wheel: 16 multiplied by 8, Cast Aluminum
PA3	Wheel: 15 multiplied by 7, Aluminum, Styled
PF2	Wheel: 15 multiplied by 7, Aluminum
PH1	Wheel: 15 multiplied by 7, Steel
PNV	Carrier: Inside, Spare Tire
P16	Carrier: RR Mounted, Spare Tire
QBF	Tire, All: P235/70R15, BW
QBG	Tire, All: P235/70R15, WOL
QCA	Tire, All: P205/75R15, WOL
QCB	Tire, All: P235/55R16, BW
QCE	Tire, All: P205/75R15, BL
QEB	Tire, All: P235/75R15, WOL
QJJ	Tire, All: 31 Multiplied by 10.5 R15LT/C, BW
QLN	Tire, All: P235/70R15, BW TL HWY
RYJ	Covering: Cargo Area, Retractable
TB4	Body Equipment: Liftgate
TR6	Headlamps Control Leveling System, Manual
TT6	Headlamps: High Intensity Discharge
T37	Foglamps: Deluxe
T61	Daytime Running Lamps
T62	Daytime Running Lamps - Delete
T84	Headlamps, RH Rule of Road, E-Mark, Rectangular
T89	Tail Lamp and Stop, Export
T90	
T98	Lamp Signaling and Marker, Export
UA1	Stamping Vehicle Identification Number
UC2	Battery: High Capacity, Wet
UC4	Speedometer Inst, Kilo & Miles, Kilo Odometer, Positive Bias
	Speedometer Inst, Kilo & Miles, Miles Odometer, Positive Bias
UD4	Alarm, Vehicle Speed, 120 K/H
UK3	Steering Wheel Radio Controls
UK6	Radio Control: Rear Seat and Ear Phone Jacks
UL0	Radio: AM/FM Stereo, Seek/ Scan, Auto Rev Music Search Cass.
UL2	Frequencies, European Radio
UL5	Radio: Delete
UM6	Radio: AM/FM Stereo, Seek/Scan, Auto Reverse Cassette, Clock, ETR
UM7	Radio: AM/FM Stereo, Seek/Scan, Clock, ETR
UN0	Radio: AM/FM. Seek, Scan, Compact Disc, Auto Tone, Clock
UP0	Radio: AM/FM Stereo, Seek/Scan, Auto Rev. Music Search Cass, CD, Auto Tone, Clock, ETR
UP8	Provisions: Stereo Radio
UQ3	Speaker System: Performance Enhanced Audio
UW3	Radio: AM/FM Stereo, Seek/Scan, Auto Rev Music Search Cassette
UY7	Wiring Harness: Heavy Duty, Trailer
U1F	Radio: AM/Fm Stereo, Seek/Scan, Compact Disc, Clock, ETR, HPS, Auto Rev Music
	Search Cassette

114.7	M. Kiele O Diese Dieser Deserver Comportmont
U1Z	Multiple Compact Disc Player, Passenger Compartment
U16	Tachometer, Engine
U19	Tachometer, Engine
U73	Speedometer Inst, Kilo & Miles, Kilo Odometer
U75	Antenna, Fixed, Radio
UB1	Wiring Harness: Light Duty, Trailer
VF6	Bumper: Rear Step
VF7	Bumper: Rear Step, Delete
VGC	Protector Film, Paint Etch Preventative
VJ4	Label, Export Child Seat Location
VL4	License Plate Front Mounting Package, EEC
VR4	. Trailer Hitch: Weight Distributing Platform
VR6	Hook, Tie Down, Shipping
VXS	Vehicle Complete
V10	Provisions: Cold Climate
V37	Bumper: Front and Rear, Chrome
V4A	Performance Package: Chevrolet X-Treme
V54	Luggage Carrier: Roof, Painted
WJ7	Trim Override Interior: Leather, Oldsmobile Only
WXS	Provisions; Wiring, For Communications System
WX7	Provisions, Wiring, Export
X88	Conversion Name Plate: Chevrolet
YC3	Convenience Package: Level #3
YC5	Convenience Package: Level #5
YC6	Convenience Package: Level #6
YC7	Convenience Package: Level #7-GMC Only, Envoy
YE2	Convenience Package: Level 2, Low Trim, Export
YE3	Convenience Package: Level 3, High Trim, Export
YG4	Optional Seats Not Desired
ZAA	Compact Spare Tire
ZA6	Canadian Sales Package, Price Leader
ZA7	Canadian Sales Package, Value Leader
ZM5	Sales Package: Underbody Shield
ZM6	Chassis Package: Off-Road Suspension
ZM8	Sales Package: Combination, Elect. Tailgate Release/Rear Window Defogger
ZQ1	Chassis Package: Smooth Ride
ZQ2	Sales Package: Driver Convenience I
ZQ3	Sales Package: Driver Convenience II
ZQ6	Sales Package: Driver Convenience III
ZQ8	Package: Sport Chassis
ZR2	Chassis Package: High Rider Performance, 4X4 Sport
ZW7	Chassis: Premium Smooth Ride
ZY1	Color Combination: Solid
ZY2	Color Combination: Two-Tone, GMC Only
ZY7	Color Combination: Lower Accent, Two Tone
Z49	Base Equipment: Canadian Mandatory
Z5X	Mirror Provisions, Arabic Language
Z70	Conversion Nameplate: Oldsmobile
Z82	Trailering Provisions, Special Equipment, Heavy Duty
Z83	Chassis Package: Solid Smooth Ride
Z85	Chassis Package: Increased Capacity
Z88	Conversion Nameplate: GMC Truck
01L	Secondary Color Exterior: Special

1SH Diamond Edition: Standard Equipment Package 1SJ Diamond Edition: Luxury Equipment Package 1SK Diamond Edition: Special Equipment Package 11A Stripe: Color Accent, Pewter 11L Secondary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Indica Met. 39L Secondary Color Exterior: Indica Met.
1SJ Diamond Edition: Luxury Equipment Package 1SK Diamond Edition: Special Equipment Package 11A Stripe: Color Accent, Pewter 11L Secondary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
1SK Diamond Edition: Special Equipment Package 11A Stripe: Color Accent, Pewter 11L Secondary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
11A Stripe: Color Accent, Pewter 11L Secondary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
11L Secondary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
11U Primary Color Exterior: Pewter Met. 12D Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite (D) 12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
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12H Trim Combination: Cloth, Graphite(H) 12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
12I Interior Trim: Graphite 122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
122 Trim Combination: Leather, Graphite 23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
23U Primary Color Exterior: Space Blue Met. 37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
37U Primary Color Exterior: Green Tintcoat Met.
The state of the s
39U Primary Color Exterior: Indigo Met.
41L Secondary Color Exterior: Black
41U Primary Color Exterior: Black
44U Primary Color Exterior: Medium Red Met.
50U Primary Color Exterior: Olympic White
54A Stripe: Accent, Brt Gold
55A Stripe: Accent, Lt. Autumwood Met.
60L Secondary Color Exterior: Gold Met.
60U Primary Color Exterior: Gold Met.
61A Stripe: Accent, Gold Met.
64D Trim Combination: Cloth, Light Beige
64H Trim Combination: Cloth, Light Beige
64I Interior Trim: Light Beige
642 Trim Combination: Leather, Smokey Carmel Tin
65U Primary Color Exterior: Smokey Carmel
68U Primary Color Exterior: Copper Met.
74U Primary Color: Exterior, Victory Red
8E1 Fuel Additional: Three Gallons
90A Stripe: Color Accent, Medium Gray
90L Secondary Color: Exterior, Gray Met.
91A Stripe: Color Accent, Spectre Gray Met.
92D Trim Combination: Cloth, Med. Dk. Pewter (D)
92H Trim Combination: Cloth, Med. Dk. Pewter (H)
921 Interior Trim: Med. Dk. Pewter
92W Trim Combination: Vinyl, Med. Dk. Pewter
922 Trim Combination: Leather, Med. Dk. Pewter
94U
Primary Color:
Exterior, Cherry
Red Metallic
96A Stripe: Color Accent, Silver

Technical Information

Maintenance and Lubrication

Capacities - Approximate Fluid

	Specif	Specification	
Application	Metric	English	
Engine Cooling System			
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	11.0 L	11.5 qt	
• 4.3L (VIN X)	11.5 L	12.1 qt	
• 4.3L (VIN W)	11.5 L	12.1 qt	
Engine Crankcase			
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	4.26 L	4.5 qt	
4.3L (VIN Xand W)	4.26 L	4.5 qt	
Fuel Tank		.,	
Fuel Tank-Steel	71.9 L	19 Gal	
Fuel Tank-Plastic	68.1 L	18 Gal	
Transmission			
4L60-E After Filter/Pan Removal	4.7 L	5 qt	
After Complete Overhaul-4L60-E	10.6 L	11 qt	
New Venture Gear 1500 Manual Transmission	2.7 L	2.9 qt	
New Venture Gear 3500 Manual Transmission	2.0 L	2.2 qt	
Transfer Case			
New Venture 136	1.9 L	2.0 qt	
New Venture 233	1.0 L	1.06 qt	
New Venture 236	1.9 L	2.0 qt	
Axle			
Front Axle	1.2 L	1.5 qt	
Rear Axle-7.625	-1.655 L	1.75 qt	
Rear Axle-8.6	1.85 L	2.0 qt	

Maintenance Items

Application	Part Number
Air Cleaner	
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	AC Type A1163C
• 4.3L (VIN X)	AC Type A773C
• 4.3L (VIN W)	AC Type 1163C
Engine Oil Filter	
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	AC Type PF-47
• 4.3L (VIN X and W)	AC Type PF-52
PCV Valve	
• 4.3L (VIN X)	AC Type CV789C
• 4.3L (VIN W)	AC Type CV769C

Spark Plugs	
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	AC Type 41-948
	(GAP 1.27 mm, 0.050 in)
• 4.3L (VIN X)	AC Type CR43TSM
	(GAP 1.14 mm, 0.045 in)
• 4.3L (VIN W)	AC Type CR43TSM
	(GAP 1.52 mm, 0.060 in)
Fuel Filter	
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	AC Type GF-645
 4.3L (VIN X) 	AC Type GF-481
• 4.3L (VIN W)	AC Type GF-645
Radiator Cap	
• 2.2L (VIN 4)	AC Type R27
 4.3L (VIN X) 	AC Type R27
• 4.3L (VIN W)	AC Type R27

Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations

No. Company	
Usage	Fluid/Lubricant
Engine Oil	Engine Oil with the American Petroleum Institute Certified For Gasoline Engines Starburst symbol of the proper viscosity.
Engine Coolant	A 50/50 mixture of clean, drinkable water and use only GM Goodwrench DEX-COOL® or Havoline® DEX-COOL® (orange-colored, silicate-free) coolant conforming to GM specification 6277M.
Engine Coolant Supplementa	DO NOT use cooling system seal tabs, or similar compounds, unless
Sealer	otherwise instructed. The use of cooling system seal tabs, or similar
	compounds, may restrict coolant flow through the passages of the cooling
	system or the engine components. Restricted coolant flow may cause
	engine overheating and/or damage to the cooling system or the engine components/assembly.
Hydraulic Brake System	Delco Supreme 11® Brake Fluid (GM P/N 12377967 or equivalent DOT-3 Brake Fluid).
Windshield Washer Solvent	GM Optikleen® Washer Solvent (GM P/N 1051515 or equivalent).
Hydraulic Clutch System	Hydraulic Clutch Fluid (GM P/N 12345347 or equivalent DOT-3 Brake Fluid).
Park Brake Cable Guides	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) or lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Power Steering System	GM Power Steering Fluid (GM P/N 1052884-1 pint, 1050017-1 quart, or equivalent).
Manual Transmission	 L4 engine: Manual Transmission Fluid with 5% Friction modifier (GM P/N 12377916).
	 V6 engine: Synchromesh Transmission Fluid (GM P/N 12345349).
Automatic Transmission	DEXRON®-III Automatic Transmission Fluid with a G-License Number (G-
	xxxx). The G-License Number will be found on the back label.
Key Lock Cylinders	Multi-Purpose Lubricant, Superlube® (GM P/N 12346241 or equivalent).
Chassis Lubrication	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) or lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Front Wheel Bearings-RWD	Wheel Bearing Lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category GC or GC-LB (GM P/N 1051344 or equivalent).
Rear Axle (Standard)	Axle Lubricant (GM P/N 1052271) or SAE 80W-90 GL-5 Gear Lubricant.
Rear Axle (Locking Differential)	Axle Lubricant, use only GM Part No. 1052271 (in Canada use Part No. 10950849). Do not add friction modifier.

Transfer Case	DEXRON®-III Automatic Transmission Fluid.
Automatic Transfer Case	Automatic Transfer Case Fluid (GM P/N 12378396 or equivalent).
Column Shift Linkage	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) meeting requirements
	of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Floor Shift Linkage	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) meeting requirements
	of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Propeller Shaft Slip Splines	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) or lubricant meeting
and Universal Joints	requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Clutch Pushrod to Fork Joint	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent) or lubricant meeting
	requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Constant Velocity Universal	Chassis Lubricant (GM P/N 12377895 or equivalent) or lubricant meeting
Joint	requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Hood Latch Assembly, Pivots	Lubriplate® Lubricant Aerosol (GM P/N 12346293 or equivalent) or
and Spring Anchor, Release	lubricant meeting requirements of NLGI Grade 2, Category LB or GC-LB.
Pawl	
Hood and Door Hinges	Multi-Purpose Lubricant, Superlube® (GM P/N 12346241 or equivalent).
Endgate Mounted Spare Tire	Multi-Purpose Lubricant, Superlube® (GM P/N 12346241 or equivalent).
Carrier (if equipped), Outer	
Endgate Handle Pivot Points	
and Hinges	
Weatherstrip conditioning	Dielectric Silicone Grease (GM P/N 12345579 or equivalent).
Weatherstrip squeaks	Synthetic Grease with Teflon, Loctite Superlube® (GM P/N 12371287 or
	equivalent).

Tire and Wheel Runout Specifications

National Specific Control of the State of th	Specification		
Application	Metric	English	
Aluminum Wheel			
Lateral	0.762 mm	0.030 in	
Radial	0.762 mm	0.030 in	
Steel Wheel			
Lateral	1.143 mm	0.045 in	
Radial	1.015 mm	0.040 in	
Tire and Wheel Assembly (F	Radial and Lateral)		
Off-Vehicle	1.27 mm	0.05 in	
On-Vehicle	1.52 mm	0.06 in	
Wheel Stud	0.25 mm	0.01 in	
Wheel Hub	0.130 mm	0.005 in	

Descriptions and Operations

Power Steering System Description and Operation

The hydraulic power steering pump is a constant displacement vane-type pump that provides hydraulic pressure and flow for the power steering gear. The hydraulic power steering pumps are either belt-driven or direct-drive, cam-driven.

The power steering fluid reservoir holds the power steering fluid and may be integral with the power steering pump or remotely located. The following locations are typical locations for the remote reservoir:

- Mounted to the front of the dash panel
- Mounted to the inner fender
- Mounted to a bracket on the engine

The 2 basic types of power steering gears are listed below:

- A recirculating ball system
- A rack and pinion system

In the recirculating ball system, a worm gear converts steering wheel movement to movement of a sector shaft. A pitman arm attached to the bottom of the sector shaft actually moves one tie rod and an intermediate rod move the other tie rod.

In the rack and pinion system, the rack and the pinion are the 2 components that convert steering wheel rotation to lateral movement. The steering shaft is attached to the pinion in the steering gear. The pinion rotates with the steering wheel. Gear teeth on the pinion mesh with the gear teeth on the rack. The rotating pinion moves the rack from side to side. The lateral action of the rack pushes and pulls the tie rods in order to change the direction of the vehicle's front wheels.

The power steering pressure hose connects the power steering pump union fitting to the power steering gear and allows pressurized power steering fluid to flow from the pump to the gear.

The power steering return hose returns fluid from the power steering gear back to the power steering fluid reservoir. The power steering return line may contain an integral fin-type or line-type power steering fluid cooler.

In a typical power steering system, a pump generates hydraulic pressure, causing fluid to flow, via the pressure hose, to the steering gear valve assembly. The steering gear valve assembly regulates the incoming fluid to the right and left chambers in order to assist in right and left turns.

Turning the steering wheel activates the valve assembly, which applies greater fluid pressure and flow to 1 side of the steering gear piston, and lower pressure and flow to the other side of the piston. The pressure assists the movement of the gear piston. Tie rods transfer this force to the front wheels, which turn the vehicle right or left.

Steering Linkage Description and Operation

The steering linkage connects both of the front wheels to the steering gear through the pitman arm. The steering linkage consists of the following components:

- The inner tie rod
- The outer tie rod
- The relay rod
- The connecting rod
- The idler arm(s)
- The pitman arm

The inner and the outer tie rods attach to the steering knuckle and the relay rod by ball studs. The two idler arms support the relay rod. The idler arms pivot on a support that is attached to the frame rail. The idler arm support is threaded in order to allow the height adjustment of the arm on the support. The height adjustment allows the linkage to clear the suspension as the linkage moves from lock to lock. The original equipment is installed at a preset specification.

The relay rod is attached to the connecting rod. The connecting rod is used in order to maintain the proper geometry in the steering linkage. The connecting rod attaches to, and is supported by, the pitman arm.

The pitman arm is driven by the steering gear. Each joint has a lubrication fitting. The inner pivots use prevailing torque nuts, the outer tie rods use castellated nuts. Replace the prevailing torque nuts and cotter pins any time service removal is necessary.

The overall condition of the steering linkage affects the steering performance. Improper, and possibly dangerous steering action will result if any of the steering linkage displays the following conditions:

- Bent
- Damaged
- Worn
- Poorly lubricated

Check the steering geometry and the front wheel alignment whenever any steering linkage components are repaired or replaced.

Steering Wheel and Column - Standard Description and Operation

The steering wheel and column has 4 primary functions:

- Vehicle steering
- Vehicle security
- Driver convenience
- Driver safety

Vehicle Steering

The steering wheel is the first link between the driver and the vehicle. The steering wheel is fastened to a steering shaft within the column. At the lower end of the column, the intermediate shaft connects the column to the steering gear.

Vehicle Security

Theft deterrent components are mounted and designed into the steering column. The following components allow the column to be locked in order to minimize theft:

- The ignition switch
- The steering column lock
- · The ignition cylinder

Driver Convenience

The steering wheel and column may also have driver controls attached for convenience and comfort. The following controls may be mounted on or near the steering wheel or column.

- The turn signal switch
- The hazard switch
- The headlamp dimmer switch

- The wiper/washer switch
- The horn pad/cruise control switch
- The redundant radio/entertainment system controls
- The tilt or tilt/telescoping functions
- The HVAC controls

Driver Safety

The energy-absorbing steering column compresses in the event of a front-end collision, which reduces the chance of injury to the driver. The mounting capsules break away from the mounting bracket in the event of an accident.

Suspension Description and Operation

Front Suspension

The front suspension has 2 primary purposes:

- Isolate the driver from irregularities in the road surface.
- Define the ride and handling characteristics of the vehicle.

The front suspension allows each wheel to compensate for changes in the road surface without affecting the opposite wheel. Each wheel independently connects to the frame with a steering knuckle, ball joint assemblies, and upper and lower control arms.

The control specifically allow the steering knuckles to move in a three-dimensional arc. Two tie rods connect to steering arms on the knuckles and an intermediate rod. These operate the front wheels.

The rear wheel drive vehicles have coil chassis springs. These springs are mounted between the spring housings on the frame and the lower control arms. Shock absorbers are mounted inside the coil springs. The coil springs attach to the lower control arms with bolts and nuts.

The upper part of each shock absorber extends through the upper control arm frame bracket, and the shock absorber secures with two grommets, two retainers, and a nut.

A spring stabilizer shaft controls the side roll of the front suspension. This shaft is mounted in rubber insulators that are held by brackets to the frame side rails. The ends of the stabilizer shaft connect to the lower control arms with link bolts. Rubber insulators isolate these link bolts.

A ball joint assembly is riveted and bolted to the outer end of the upper control arm. A castellated nut and a cotter pin join the steering knuckle to the upper ball joint.

The inner ends of the lower control arm have pressed-in bushings. The bolts pass through the bushings and join the arm to the frame. The lower ball joint assembly is a press fit in the lower control arm and attaches to the steering knuckle with a castellated nut and a cotter pin.

Ball socket assemblies have rubber grease seals. These seals prevent entry of moisture and dirt, and these seals prevent damage to the bearing surfaces.

Automatic Four Wheel Drive models have a front suspension that consists of the control arms, a stabilizer shaft, a shock absorber, and a right and left side torsion bar. The torsion bars replace the conventional coil springs. The lower control arm attaches to the front end of the torsion bar. The rear end of the torsion bar mounts on an adapter and adjustable arm at the torsion bar crossmember. This arm adjustment controls the vehicle trim height.

Rear Suspension

These vehicles use a leaf spring and a solid rear axle suspension system.

The rear axle assembly is attached to multi-leaf springs with U-bolts. The front ends of the springs are attached to the frame at the front hangers with rubber bushings. The rear ends of the springs are attached to the frame with shackles that use rubber bushings. Shackles allow the springs to change position while the vehicle is in motion.

Two direct double-acting shock absorbers provide ride control. The shock absorbers are angle-mounted between the frame. The shock absorbers are attached with brackets. The brackets are attached to the anchor plate.

The rear spring steel stabilizing shaft helps minimize body roll and sway during cornering. The rear stabilizer shaft is connected to the rear axle and the frame with the following components:

- The rubber insulators
- The clamps
- The link assemblies

Automatic Level Control General Description

The function of the Automatic Level Control (ALC) system is maintaining a constant trim height at the rear suspension when the vehicle is loaded beyond a predetermined amount. The ALC system is active with the vehicle ignition switch in the ON position. The system consists of the following components:

- An automatic level control sensor
- Air shocks
- Automatic level control air lines
- An automatic level control air compressor assembly, consisting of the following components:
- Automatic level control air compressor motor and head
- Automatic level control air compressor bracket
- Automatic level control air dryer
- Automatic level control Air dryer filter
- Exhaust solenoid
- Automatic level control air compressor relay
- Automatic level control air compressor filter

An inflator system is included as part of the overall ALC system. The function of the inflator system is to provide air under pressure up to 482 kPa (70 psi) to an automatic level control solenoid valve for the purpose of inflating items other than the vehicle air shocks, such as sports balls, bicycle tires, automobile tires, etc. The automatic level control solenoid valve and the automatic level control inflator air switch are located behind the passenger-side body-side trim panel. The inflator system is active with the vehicle ignition switch in the ON position. The inflator system consists of the following components:

- An automatic level control solenoid valve
- An automatic level control inflator air switch
- An automatic level control timer relay
- An accessory kit

Wheels and Tires

General Description

The factory installed tires are designed to operate satisfactorily with loads up to and including the full rated load capacity when these tires are inflated to the recommended pressures.

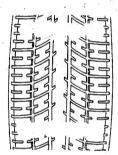
The following factors have an important influence on tire life:

- Correct tire pressures
- Correct wheel alignment
- Proper driving techniques
- Tire rotation

The following factors increase tire wear:

- Heavy cornering
- Excessively rapid acceleration
- Heavy braking

Tread Wear Indicators Description



The original equipment tires have tread wear indicators that show when you should replace the tires.

The location of these indicators are at 72 degree intervals around the outer diameter of the tire. The indicators appear as a 6 mm (0.25 in) wide band when the tire tread depth becomes 1.6 mm (2/32 in).

Metric Wheel Nuts and Bolts Description

Metric wheel/nuts and bolts are identified in the following way:

- The wheel/nut has the word Metric stamped on the face.
- The letter M is stamped on the end of the wheel bolt.

The thread sizes of metric wheel/nuts and the bolts are indicated by the following example: M12 x 1.5.

- M = Metric
- 12 = Diameter in millimeters
- 1.5 = Millimeters gap per thread

Tire Inflation Description

When you inflate the tires to the recommended inflation pressures, the factory-installed wheels and tires are designed in order to handle loads to the tire's rated load capacity. Incorrect tire pressures, or underinflated tires, can cause the following conditions:

- · Vehicle handling concerns
- Poor fuel economy
- Shortened tire life
- Tire overloading

Inspect the tire pressure when the following conditions apply:

- The vehicle has been sitting at least 3 hours.
- The vehicle has not been driven for more than 1.6 km (1 mi).
- · The tires are cool.

Inspect the tires monthly or before any extended trip. Adjust the tire pressure to the specifications on the tire label. Install the valve caps or the extensions on the valves. The caps or the extensions keep out dust and water.

The kilopascal (kPa) is the metric term for pressure. The tire pressure may be printed in both kilopascal (kPa) and psi. One psi equals 6.9 kPa.

Inflation Pressure Conversion (Kilopascals to PSI)

kPa	psi	kPa	psi
140	20	215	31
145	21	220	32
155	22	230	33
160	23	235	34
165	24	240	35
170	25	250	36
180	26	275	40
185	27	310	45
190	28	345	50
200	29	380	55
205	30	415	60
	Conversion:	6.9 kPa = 1 psi	2 1986 T

Tires with a higher than recommended pressure can cause the following conditions:

- A hard ride
- Tire bruising
- Rapid tread wear at the center of the tire

Tires with a lower than recommended pressure can cause the following conditions:

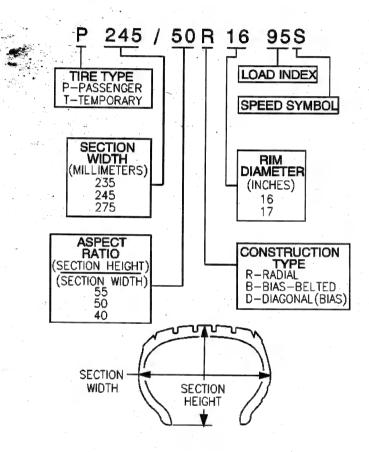
- A tire squeal on turns
- Hard steering
- Rapid wear and uneven wear on the edge of the tread
- · Tire rim bruises and tire rim rupture
- Tire cord breakage
- High tire temperatures

- Reduced vehicle handling
- High fuel consumption
- Soft riding

Unequal pressure on the same axle can cause the following conditions:

- Uneven braking
- Steering lead
- Reduced vehicle handling

P-Metric Sized Tires Description



Most P-metric tire sizes do not have exact corresponding alphanumeric tire sizes. Replacement tires should be of the same tire performance criteria (TPC) specification number including the same size, the same load range, and the same construction as those originally installed on the vehicle. Consult a tire dealer if you must replace the P-metric tire with other sizes. Tire companies can best recommend the closest match of alphanumeric to P-metric sizes within their own tire lines.

Driveline System Description and Operation

Driveline/Axle - Propeller Shaft

Constant Velocity Joint Description

The constant velocity (CV) joint allows the driveline angle adjustment with up and down movement of the vehicle without disturbing the power flow. The CV joint is composed of the following components:

- An outer bearing retainer
- A flange
- A spring
- A cap
- A circlip
- · An inner bearing assembly
- A wire ring

The inner bearing assembly includes the following components:

- A bearing cage
- Six ball bearings
- An inner race

Propeller Shaft Description and Operation

The front propeller shaft consists of the following components:

- Propeller shaft tube
- Universal joint
- Flange yoke
- Constant velocity joint

The rear propeller shaft consists of the following components:

- Propeller shaft tube
- 2 universal joints
- Slip yoke

Front Propeller Shaft Operation

The front propeller shaft connects the transfer case to the front axle. It transmits the rotating force from the transfer case to the front axle when the transfer case is engaged.

Rear Propeller Shaft Operation

The rear propeller shaft connects the transmission or transfer case to the rear axle. It transmits the rotating force from the transmission or transfer case to the rear axle.

Propeller Shaft Phasing Description

The propeller shaft is designed and built with the yoke lugs or ears in line with each other. This produces the smoothest running shaft possible. A propeller shaft designed with built in yoke lugs in line is known as in - phase. An out of phase propeller shaft often causes vibration. The propeller shaft generates vibration from speeding up and slowing down each time the universal joint goes around. The vibration is the same as a person snapping a rope and watching the wave reaction flow to the end. An in phase propeller shaft is similar to 2 persons snapping a rope at the same time and watching the waves meet and cancel each other out. A total cancellation of vibration produces a smooth flow of power in the drive line. All splined shaft slip yokes are keyed in order to ensure proper phasing.

Universal Joint Description

The universal joint is connected to the propeller shaft. The universal consist of 4 caps with needle bearings and grease seals mounted on the trunnions of a cross or spider. These bearings and caps are greased at the factory and no periodic maintenance is required. The bearings and caps are pressed into the yokes and held in place with snap rings, except for 2 bearings on some models witch are strapped onto the pinion flange of the differential. Universal joints are designed to handle the effects of various loads and rear axle windup conditions during acceleration and braking. The universal joint operates efficiently and safely within the designed angle variations, when the design angles are exceeded, the operational life of the joint decreases.

Front Drive Axle Description and Operation

The Front Drive Axle consist of the following components:

- Differential Carrier Housing
- Differential Assembly
- Left and Right Output Shafts
- Inner Axle Shaft Housing
- Inner Axle Shaft

The front axle on the four-wheel-drive model vehicle does not have a central disconnect feature. The axle uses a conventional ring and pinion gear set in order to transmit the driving force of the engine to the wheels. The open differential allows the wheels to turn at different rates of speed while the axle continues to transmit the driving force. This prevents tire scuffing when going around corners and premature wear on internal axle parts. The ring and pinion set and the differential are contained within the carrier. The axle identification number on top of the differential carrier assembly or on a label on the right half of differential carrier assembly. The drive axles are completely flexible assemblies consisting of inner and outer constant velocity CV joints protected by thermoplastic boots and connected by a wheel drive shaft.

Rear Drive Axle Description and Operation

Rear Axles for this vehicle consist of the following components:

- Differential axle housing
- Differential carrier
- Right and left axle tubes
- Right and left axle shafts

A open differential has a set of 4 gears. Two are side gears and 2 are pinion gears. Some differentials have more than 2 pinion gears. Each side gear is splined to an axle shaft so each axle shaft; so that each axle shaft turns when its side gear rotates. The pinion gears are mounted on a differential pinion shaft, and the gears are free to rotate on this shaft. The pinion shaft is fitted into a bore in the differential case and is at right angles to the axle shafts. Power is transmitted through the differential as follows: the drive pinion rotates the ring gear. The ring gear being bolted to the differential case, rotates the case, The differential pinion, as it rotates the case, forces the pinion gears against the side gears. When both wheels have equal traction, the pinion gears do not rotate on the pinion shaft because of input force on the pinion gear is equally divided between the 2 side gears. Therefore, the pinion gears revolve with the pinion shaft, but do not rotate around the shaft itself. The side gears, being splined to the axle shafts and in mesh with the pinion gears rotate the axle shafts. If a vehicle were always driven in a straight line, the ring and pinion gears would be sufficient. The axle shaft could be solidly attached to the ring gear and both driving wheels would turn at equal speed. However, if it became necessary to turn a corner, the tires would scuff and slide because the differential allows the axle shafts to rotate at different speeds. When the vehicle turns a corner, the inner wheel turns slower than the out wheel and slows its rear axle side gear (as the shaft is splined to the side gear). The rear axle pinion gears will roll around the slowed rear axle side gear, driving the rear axle side gear wheel faster.

Locking Differential Description and Operation

The locking differential consists of the following components:

- Differential case 1 or 2 piece
- Locking differential spider 2 piece case only
- Pinion gear shaft 1 piece case only
- Differential pinion gear shaft lock bolt 1 piece case only
- 2 clutch discs sets
- · Locking differential side gear
- Thrust block
- Locking differential clutch disc guides
- Differential side gear shim
- Locking differential clutch disc thrust washer
- Locking differential governor
- Latching bracket
- Cam plate assembly
- · Differential pinion gears
- Differential pinion gear thrust washers

The optional locking differential (RPO G80) enhances the traction capability of the rear axle by combining the characteristics of a limited-slip differential and the ability of the axle shafts to "lock" together when uneven traction surfaces exist. The differential accomplishes this in 2 ways. First by having a series of clutch plates at each side of the differential case to limit the amount of slippage between each wheel. Second, by using a mechanical locking mechanism to stop the rotation of the right differential side gear, or the left differential side gear on the 10.5 inch axle, in order to transfer the rotating torque of the wheel without traction to the wheel with traction. Each of these functions occur under different conditions.

Limited-Slip Function

Under normal conditions, when the differential is not locked, a small amount of limited-slip action occurs. The gear separating force developed in the right-hand (left-hand side on 10.5 inch axle) clutch pack is primarily responsible for this.

The operation of how the limited-slip function of the unit works can be explained when the vehicle makes a right-hand turn. Since the left wheel travels farther than the right wheel, it must rotate faster than the ring gear and differential case assembly. This results in the left axle and left side gear rotating faster than the differential case. The faster rotation of the left-side gear causes the pinion gears to rotate on the pinion shaft. This causes the right-side gear to rotate slower than the differential case.

Although the side gear spreading force produced by the pinion gears compresses the clutch packs, primarily the right side, the friction between the tires and the road surface is sufficient to overcome the friction of the clutch packs. This prevents the side gears from being held to the differential case.

Locking Function

Locking action occurs through the use of some special parts:

- A governor mechanism with 2 flyweights
- A latching bracket
- · The left side cam plate and cam side gear

When the wheel-to-wheel speed difference is 100 RPM or more, the flyweights of the governor will fling out and one of them will contact an edge of the latching bracket. This happens because the left cam side gear and cam plate are rotating at a speed different, either slower or faster, than that of the ring gear and differential case assembly. The cam plate has teeth on its outer diameter surface in mesh with teeth on the shaft of the governor.

As the side gear rotates at a speed different than that of the differential case, the shaft of the governor rotates with enough speed to force the flyweights outward against spring tension. One of the flyweights catches its edge on the closest edge of the latching bracket, which is stationary in the differential case. This latching process triggers a chain of events.

When the governor latches, it stops rotating. A small friction clutch inside the governor allows rotation, with resistance, of the governor shaft while one flyweight is held to the differential case through the latching bracket. The purpose of the governor's latching action is to slow the rotation of the cam plate as compared to the cam side gear. This will cause the cam plate to move out of its detent position.

The cam plate normally is held in its detent position by a small wave spring and detent humps resting in matching notches of the cam side gear. At this point, the ramps of the cam plate ride up on the ramps of the cam side gear, and the cam plate compresses the left clutch pack with a self-energizing action.

As the left clutch pack is compressed, it pushes the cam plate and cam side gear slightly toward the right side of the differential case. This movement of the cam side gear pushes the thrust block which compresses the right-hand side gear clutch pack.

At this point, the force of the self-energizing clutches and the side gear separating force combine to hold the side gears to the differential case in the locking stage.

The entire locking process occurs in less than 1 second. The process works with either the left or right wheel spinning, due to the design of the governor and cam mechanism. A torque reversal of any kind will unlatch the governor, causing the cam plate to ride back down to its detent position. Cornering or deceleration during a transmission shift will cause a torque reversal of this type. The differential unit returns to its limited-slip function.

The self-energizing process would not occur if it were not for the action of one of the left clutch discs. This energizing disc provides the holding force of the ramping action to occur. It is the only disc which is splined to the cam plate itself. The other splined discs fit on the cam side gear.

If the rotating speed of the ring gear and differential case assembly is high enough, the latching bracket will pivot due to centrifugal force. This will move the flyweights so that no locking is permitted. During vehicle driving, this happens at approximately 32 km/h (20 mph) and continues at faster speeds.

When comparing the effectiveness of the locking differential, in terms of percent-of-grade capability to open and limited-slip units, the locking differential has nearly 3 times the potential of the limited-slip unit under the same conditions.

Locking Differential Torque-Limiting Disc

The locking differential design was modified in mid-1986 to include a load-limiting feature to reduce the chance of breaking an axle shaft under abusive driving conditions. The number of tangs on the energizing disc in the left-hand clutch pack was reduced allowing these tangs to shear in the event of a high-torque engagement of the differential locking mechanism.

At the time of failure of the load-limiting disc, there will be a loud bang in the rear axle and the differential will operate as a standard differential with some limited-slip action of the clutch packs at low torques.

The service procedure, when the disc tangs shear, involves replacing the left-hand clutch plates and the wave spring. It is also necessary to examine the axle shafts for twisting because at high torques it is possible to not only shear the load-limiting disc, but to also twist the axle shafts.

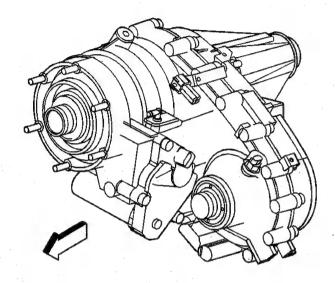
Transfer Case Description - NV233

Range Shifting

The New Venture Gear NV233 is an electronic shift transfer, with the following three modes of operation, Two-wheel drive high range, Four-wheel drive high range, Four-wheel drive low range. The gear

reduction for low range is provided by a planetary gear set. The floor-mounted shifter has been eliminated. A switch, located on the upper right side of the instrument panel, is used to select the operating range. The indicator lamps on the switch show the current mode of operation. When the four-wheel drive has been selected, the four-wheel drive indicator lamp on the switch is designed to turn on when the front axle has engaged.

Transfer Case Description - NV236



The NV236 transfer case is an automatic transfer case with three drive ranges. Shifting from rear wheel drive to four wheel drive is done automatically when the transfer case shift control module receives wheel rotating slip information from the speed sensors. The transfer case shift control module then engages the transfer case motor/encoder to position the transfer case from rear to four wheel drive. When the transfer case shift control module receives information that the wheel rotation is the same on both axles, the transfer case shift control module sends position information to the motor/encoder to put the transfer case back into rear wheel drive. The three drive ranges are 2HI, 4HI, and 4LO. The 2HI position is for normal driving with the rear wheels pushing the vehicle. The 4HI, position is for driving through sand, snow, mud, gravel, or heavy rain at normal or slightly below normal speeds. The 4HI engages the front axle to allow for four wheel drive. The front axle is pulling the vehicle, and the rear axle is pushing the vehicle. The 4LO range is used for off road driving, heavy snow, deep mud, or shallow fording. The 4LO is similar to the 4HI except that the gearing in the transfer case is set for low speed and high torque. The NV236 is manufactured at Syracuse New York by New Venture Gear a division of New Process Gear for General Motors.

Braking System Description and Operation

Hydraulic Brake System Description and Operation

System Component Description

The hydraulic brake system consists of the following:

Hydraulic Brake Master Cylinder Fluid Reservoir

Contains supply of brake fluid for the hydraulic brake system.

Hydraulic Brake Master Cylinder

Converts mechanical input force into hydraulic output pressure.

Hydraulic output pressure is distributed from the master cylinder through two hydraulic circuits, supplying diagonally-opposed wheel apply circuits.

Hydraulic Brake Pressure Balance Control System

Regulates brake fluid pressure delivered to hydraulic brake wheel circuits, in order to control the distribution of braking force.

Pressure balance control is achieved through dynamic rear proportioning (DRP), which is a function of the ABS modulator.

Hydraulic Brake Pipes and Flexible Brake Hoses

Carries brake fluid to and from hydraulic brake system components.

Hydraulic Brake Wheel Apply Components

Converts hydraulic input pressure into mechanical output force.

System Operation

Mechanical force is converted into hydraulic pressure by the master cylinder, regulated to meet braking system demands by the pressure balance control system, and delivered to the hydraulic brake wheel circuits by the pipes and flexible hoses. The wheel apply components then convert the hydraulic pressure back into mechanical force which presses linings against rotating brake system components.

Brake Assist System Description and Operation

System Component Description

The brake assist system consists of the following:

Brake Pedal

Receives, multiplies and transfers brake system input force from driver.

Brake Pedal Pushrod

Transfers multiplied input force received from brake pedal to brake booster.

Vacuum Brake Booster

Uses source vacuum to decrease effort required by driver when applying brake system input force.

When brake system input force is applied, air at atmospheric pressure is admitted to the rear of both vacuum diaphragms, providing a decrease in brake pedal effort required. When input force is removed, vacuum replaces atmospheric pressure within the booster.

Vacuum Source

Supplies force used by vacuum brake booster to decrease brake pedal effort.

Vacuum Source Delivery System

Enables delivery and retention of source vacuum for vacuum brake booster.

System Operation

Brake system input force is multiplied by the brake pedal and transferred by the pedal pushrod to the hydraulic brake master cylinder. Effort required to apply the brake system is reduced by the vacuum brake booster.

Disc Brake System Description and Operation

System Component Description

The disc brake system consists of the following components:

Disc Brake Pads

Applies mechanical output force from the hydraulic brake calipers to friction surfaces of brake rotors.

Disc Brake Rotors

Uses mechanical output force applied to friction surfaces from the disc brake pads to slow speed of tire and wheel assembly rotation.

Disc Brake Pad Hardware

Secures disc brake pads firmly in proper relationship to the hydraulic brake calipers. Enables a sliding motion of brake pads when mechanical output force is applied.

Disc Brake Caliper Hardware

Provides mounting for hydraulic brake caliper and secures the caliper firmly in proper relationship to caliper bracket. Enables a sliding motion of the brake caliper to the brake pads when mechanical output force is applied.

System Operation

Mechanical output force is applied from the hydraulic brake caliper pistons to the inner brake pads. As the pistons press the inner brake pads outward, the caliper housings draw the outer brake pads inward. This allows the output force to be equally distributed. The brake pads apply the output force to the friction surfaces on both sides of the brake rotors, which slows the rotation of the tire and wheel assemblies. The correct function of both the brake pad and brake caliper hardware is essential for even distribution of braking force.

Drum Brake System Description and Operation

System Component Description

The drum brake system consists of the following:

Drum Brake Shoes

Applies mechanical output force (from hydraulic brake wheel cylinders) to friction surface of brake drums.

Brake Drums

Uses mechanical output force applied to friction surface from drum brake shoes to slow speed of tire and wheel assembly rotation.

Drum Brake Hardware

Secures drum brake shoes firmly in proper relationship to hydraulic brake wheel cylinders. Enables sliding motion of brake shoes needed to expand toward friction surface of drums when mechanical output force is applied; provides return of brake shoes when mechanical output force is relieved.

Drum Brake Adjusting Hardware

Provides automatic adjustment of brake shoes to brake drum friction surface whenever brake apply occurs during rearward motion of the vehicle.

System Operation

Mechanical output force is applied from the hydraulic brake wheel cylinder pistons to the top of the drum brake shoes. The output force is then distributed between the primary and secondary brake shoes as the shoes expand toward the friction surface of the brake drums. The brake shoes apply the output force to the friction surface of the brake drums, which slows the rotation of the tire and wheel assemblies. The proper function of both the drum brake hardware and adjusting hardware is essential to the proper distribution of braking force.

Park Brake System Description and Operation

System Component Description

The park brake system consists of the following:

Park Brake Lever Assembly

Receives, multiplies, and transfers park brake system apply input force from operator to park brake cable system.

Releases applied park brake system when lever is returned to at-rest, lowered, position.

Park Brake Cables

Transfers input force received from park brake lever, through park brake cable equalizer, to park brake apply levers.

Park Brake Cable Equalizer

Evenly distributes input force to both the left and right park brake units.

Park Brake Apply Lever

Multiplies and transfers input force to park brake actuator/adjuster.

Park Brake Actuator/Adjuster

Uses multiplied input force from apply lever to expand drum brake shoes toward the friction surface of the brake drum.

Threaded park brake actuators/adjusters are also used to control clearance between the drum brake shoes and the friction surface of the brake drum.

Drum Brake Shoes

Applies mechanical output force from park brake actuator/adjuster to friction surface of the brake drum.

System Operation

Park brake apply input force is received by the park brake lever assembly being applied. The input force is multiplied by the lever assembly, transferred, and evenly distributed, through the park brake cables and the park brake cable equalizer, to the left and right park brake apply levers. The park brake apply levers multiply and transfer the apply input force to the park brake actuators/adjusters which expand the drum brake shoes toward the friction surface of the brake drum in order to prevent the rotation of the rear tire

and wheel assemblies. The park brake lever assembly releases an applied park brake system when it is returned to the at-rest, lowered, position.

ABS Description and Operation

Antilock Brake System

When wheel slip is detected during a brake application, the ABS enters antilock mode. During antilock braking, hydraulic pressure in the individual wheel circuits is controlled to prevent any wheel from slipping. A separate hydraulic line and specific solenoid valves are provided for each wheel. The ABS can decrease, hold, or increase hydraulic pressure to each wheel brake. The ABS cannot, however, increase hydraulic pressure above the amount which is transmitted by the master cylinder during braking.

During antilock braking, a series of rapid pulsations is felt in the brake pedal. These pulsations are caused by the rapid changes in position of the individual solenoid valves as the EBCM responds to wheel speed sensor inputs and attempts to prevent wheel slip. These pedal pulsations are present only during antilock braking and stop when normal braking is resumed or when the vehicle comes to a stop. A ticking or popping noise may also be heard as the solenoid valves cycle rapidly. During antilock braking on dry pavement, intermittent chirping noises may be heard as the tires approach slipping. These noises and pedal pulsations are considered normal during antilock operation.

Vehicles equipped with ABS may be stopped by applying normal force to the brake pedal. Brake pedal operation during normal braking is no different than that of previous non-ABS systems. Maintaining a constant force on the brake pedal provides the shortest stopping distance while maintaining vehicle stability.

Engine Description and Operation

Engine Component Description

Balance Shaft

The cast iron balance shaft is mounted in the crankcase above and in-line with the camshaft. A camshaft gear drives the gear attached to the balance shaft. The front end of the balance shaft is supported by a ball-type bearing. The rear end of the balance shaft uses a sleeve-type bearing.

Camshaft

The steel camshaft is supported by four bearings pressed into the engine block. The camshaft timing chain sprocket mounted to the front of the camshaft is driven by the crankshaft sprocket through a camshaft timing chain.

Crankshaft

The cast nodular iron crankshaft is supported by four crankshaft bearings. The number four crankshaft bearing at the rear of the engine is the end thrust bearing. The crankshaft bearings are retained by bearing caps that are machined with the engine block for proper alignment and clearances. The crankshaft position sensor reluctor ring has three lugs used for crankshaft timing and is constructed of powdered metal. The crankshaft position sensor reluctor ring has a slight interference fit onto the crankshaft and an internal keyway for correct positioning.

Cylinder Heads

The cast iron cylinder heads have one intake and one exhaust valve for each cylinder. A spark plug is located between the valves in the side of the cylinder head. The valve guides and seats are integral to the cylinder head. The 4.3L heavy duty applications have pressed in exhaust valve seats. The valve rocker arms are positioned on the valve rocker arm supports and retained by a bolt.

Engine Block

The cast iron engine block has six cylinders arranged in a V shape with three cylinders in each bank. Starting at the front side of the engine block, the cylinders in the left bank are numbered 1-3-5 and cylinders in the right bank are numbered 2-4-6 (when viewed from the rear). The firing order of the cylinders is 1-6-5-4-3-2. The cylinders are encircled by coolant jackets.

Exhaust Manifolds

The cast iron exhaust manifolds direct exhaust gases from the combustion chambers to the exhaust system. The left side exhaust manifold has a port for the EGR valve inlet pipe.

Intake Manifold

The intake manifold is a two-piece design. The upper portion is made from a composite material and the lower portion is cast aluminum. The throttle body attaches to the upper manifold. The lower manifold has an exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) port cast into the manifold for mixture. The (EGR) valve bolts into the lower intake manifold. The Central Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection system uses multiple fuel injectors to meter and distribute fuel to each engine cylinder. The Central (SFI) is retained by a bracket bolted to the lower intake manifold. The fuel meter body also houses the pressure regulator. Metal inlet and outlet fuel lines and nylon delivery tubes connect to the Central (SFI) unit. The delivery tubes independently distribute fuel to each cylinder through nozzles located at the port entrance of each manifold runner where the fuel is atomized.

Piston and Connecting Rod Assemblies

The cast aluminum pistons use two compression rings and one oil control assembly. The piston is a low friction, lightweight design with a flat top and barrel shaped skirt. The piston pins are offset 0.9 mm (0.0354 in) toward the major thrust side (right side) to reduce piston slap as the connecting rod travels from one side of the piston to the other side after a stroke. The piston pins have a floating fit in the piston and are retained by a press fit in the connecting rod. The connecting rods are forged steel. The connecting rods are machined with the rod cap installed for proper clearances and alignments.

Valve Train

Motion is transmitted from the camshaft through the hydraulic roller valve lifters and the tubular valve pushrods to the roller type valve rocker arms. The roller type valve rocker arm pivots on a needle type bearing in order to open the valve. The valve rocker arms for each bank of cylinders are mounted to a one piece valve rocker arm support. Each valve rocker arm is retained on the valve rocker arm support and the cylinder head by a bolt. The hydraulic valve lifters keep all the parts of the valve train in constant contact. Each hydraulic valve lifter acts as an automatic adjuster and maintains zero lash in the valve train. This eliminates the need for periodic valve adjustment.

Engine Mechanical – 4.3L - Specifications

		Specification		
	Application	Metric	English	
Gener	al Data			
•	Engine Type	V	6	
•	RPO Code	L3	35	
•	VIN Code	· V		
•	Displacement	4.3 L	262 CID	
•	Bore	101.60 mm	4.012 in	
•	Stroke	88.39 mm	3.480 in	
•	Compression Ratio	9.2		
. •	Firing Order	1-6-5-4-3-2		
	Spark Plug Gap	1.52 mm	0.060 in	
•	Oil Pressure - Minimum - at Normal Operating Temperature	42 kPa at 1,000 RPM 125 kPa at 2,000 RPM 166 kPa at 4,000 RPM	6 psig at 1,000 RPM 18 psig at 2,000 RPM 24 psig at 4,000 RPM	
Balan	ce Shaft			
•	Rear Bearing Journal Clearance	0.050-0.088 mm	0.0020-0.0035 in	
•	Rear Bearing Journal Diameter	38.085-38.100 mm	1.4994-1.500 in	
Cams				
•	End Play	0.0254-0.2286 mm	0.0010-0.0090 in	
•	Journal Diameter	47.440-47.490 mm	1.8677-1.8696 in	
•	Journal Diameter Out-of-Round	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum	
•	Lobe Lift - Exhaust	7.20-7.30 mm	0.283-0.287 in	
•	Lobe Lift - Intake	6.97-7.07 mm	0.274-0.278 in	
•	Runout	0.065 mm	0.0026 in	

Conn	ecting Rod		
•	Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Production	0.038-0.078 mm	0.0015-0.0031 in
•	Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Service	0.025-0.063 mm	0.0010-0.0025 in
•	Connecting Rod Journal Diameter	57.116-57.148 mm	2.2487-2.2497 in
٠	Connecting Rod Journal Out-of-Round - Production	0.007 mm - Maximum	0.0002 in - Maximum
•	Connecting Rod Journal Out-of-Round - Service	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
•	Connecting Rod Journal Taper - Production	0.00508 mm - Maximum	0.00030 in - Maximum
•	Connecting Rod Journal Taper - Service	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
•	Connecting Rod Side Clearance	0.15-0.44 mm	0.006-0.017 in
Crank	shaft		
٠	Crankshaft Bearing Clearance - Journal #1- Production	0.02-0.508 mm	0.0008-0.0020 in
•	Crankshaft Bearing Clearance - Journal #2, #3, and #4-Production	0.028-0.058 mm	0.0011-0.0023 in
. •	Crankshaft Bearing Clearance - Journal #1- Service	0.0254-0.05 mm	0.0010-0.0020 in
•	Crankshaft Bearing Clearance - Journal #2, #3, and #4-Service	0.025-0.063 mm	0.0010-0.0250 in
•	Crankshaft End Play	0.050-0.20 mm	0.002-0.008 in
•	Crankshaft Journal Diameter - Journal #1	62.199-62.217 mm	2.4488-2.4495 in
•	Crankshaft Journal Diameter - Journal #2 and #3	62.191-62.215 mm	2.4485-2.4494 in
•	Crankshaft Journal Diameter - Journal #4	62.179-62.203 mm	2.4480-2.4489 in
•	Crankshaft Journal Out-of-Round - Production	0.005 mm - Maximum	0.0002 in - Maximum
•	Crankshaft Journal Out-of-Round - Service	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
•	Crankshaft Journal Taper - Production	0.007 mm - Maximum	0.0003 in - Maximum
•	Crankshaft Runout	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
ylind	ler Bore		
	Diameter	101.618-101.643 mm	4.0007-4.0017 in
•	Out-of-Round - Production	0.0127 mm - Maximum	0.00050 in - Maximum
•	Out-of-Round - Service	0.05 mm - Maximum	0.002 in - Maximum
•	Taper - Production Relief Side	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
•	Taper - Production Thrust Side	0.012 mm - Maximum	0.0005 in - Maximum
•	Taper - Service	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum
ylind	er Head		
•	Surface Flatness	0.10 mm - Maximum	0.004 in - Maximum
xhau	st Manifold		
•	Surface Flatness - Flange to Flange	0.25 mm - Maximum	0.010 in - Maximum
•	Surface Flatness - Individual Flange	0.05 mm - Maximum	0.002 in - Maximum
ntake	Manifold		
•	Surface Flatness	0.10 mm - Maximum	0.004 in - Maximum
Oil Par	n _		
•	Oil Pan Alignment at Rear of Engine Block	0.3 mm - Maximum	0.011 in - Maximum
		J.J IIIII - Maxilliulli	U.U I I III - WAXIIIIUIII

Pisto	n				
•	Piston Bore Clearance - Production	0.018-0.061 mm	0.0007-0.0024 in		
•	Piston Bore Clearance - Service	0.075 mm - Maximum	0.0029 in - Maximum		
	n Pin	0.070 Hill Waxingth	o.oozo III Maximaiii		
•	Clearance in Piston - Production	0.013-0.023 mm	0.0005-0.0009 in		
-	Clearance in Piston - Service	0.025 mm - Maximum	0.0010 in - Maximum		
•	Diameter	23.545-23.548 mm	0.9270-0.9271 in		
	Diametei	0.012-0.048 mm -	0.0005-0.0019 in -		
•	Fit in Connecting Rod	Interference	Interference		
Pisto	n Rings - End Gap Measured in Cylinder Bore				
•	Piston Compression Ring Gap - Production-Top Groove	0.25-0.40 mm	0.010-0.016 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Gap - Production-2nd Groove	0.38-0.58 mm	0.015-0.023 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Gap - Service-Top Groove	0.25-0.50 mm	0.010-0.020 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Gap - Service-2nd Groove	0.38-0.80 mm	0.015-0.031 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Groove Clearance - Production-Top Groove	0.030-0.070 mm	0.0012-0.0027 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Groove Clearance - Production-2nd Groove	0.040-0.080 mm	0.0015-0.0031 in		
•	Piston Compression Ring Groove Clearance - Service	0.030-0.085 mm	0.0012-0.0033 in		
•	Piston Oil Ring Gap - Production	0.25-0.76 mm	0.010-0.029 in		
•	Piston Oil Ring Gap - Service	0.005-0.090 mm	0.0002-0.0035 in		
•	Piston Oil Ring Groove Clearance - Production	0.046-0.196 mm	0.0018-0.0077 in		
•	Piston Oil Ring Groove Clearance - Service	0.046-0.200 mm	0.0018-0.0079 in		
Valve	System				
•	Valve Face Angle	45 de	grees		
•	Valve Head Edge Margin	0.79 mm - Minimum	0.031 in - Minimum		
•	Valve Lash	Net LashNet	o Adjustment		
•	Valve Lift - Exhaust	10.879 mm	0.4280 in		
•	Valve Lift - Intake	10.527 mm	0.4140 in		
•	Valve Lifter		Roller Type		
•	Valve Rocker Arm		vot Type		
•	Valve Rocker Arm Ratio		5:1		
	Valve Seat Angle	46 de	grees		
•		0.05 mm - Maximum	0.002 in - Maximum		
•	Valve Seat Width - Exhaust	1.651-2.489 mm	0.065-0.098 in		
•	Valve Seat Width - Intake	1.016-1.651 mm	0.040-0.065 in		
•	Valve Spring Free Length	51.3 mm	2.02 in		
•	Valve Spring Installed Height - Exhaust	42.92-43.43 mm	1.670-1.700 in		
•	Valve Spring Installed Height - Intake	42.92-43.43 mm	1.670-1.700 in		
•	V/ 1 6 : 5 0: 1	338-374 N at 43.2 mm	76-84 lb at 1.70 in		
-		832-903 N at 32.3 mm	187-203 lb at 1.27 in		
		0.025-0.069 mm	0.0010-0.0027 in		
		0.025-0.094 mm	0.0010-0.0027 in		
•	 Valve Stem Clearance - Exhaust-Service 0.025-0.094 mm 0.0010-0.0037 in 				

Valve Stem Clearance - Intake-Production	0.025-0.069 mm	0.0010-0.0027 in
Valve Stem Clearance - Intake-Service	0.025-0.094 mm	0.0010-0.0037 in
 Valve Stem Oil Seal Installed Height - Measured from the Top of the Large Diameter Valve Guide Bevel to the Bottom of the Valve Stem Oil Seal 	1-2 mm	0.03937-0.07874 in

Fastener Tightening Specifications

Application Specification				
Application	Metric	English		
Accelerator Control Cable Bracket Nut	12 N·m	106 lb in		
Accelerator Control Cable Bracket Stud to Intake Manifold	6 N·m	53 lb in		
Accelerator Control Cable Bracket Stud to Throttle Body	12 N·m	106 lb in		
Air Cleaner Adapter Stud	8 N·m	71 lb in		
Air Conditioning (A/C) Compressor Side Brace Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Air Conditioning (A/C) Hose Bracket Nut to Intake Manifold	5 N·m	44 lb in		
Air Conditioning (A/C) Pipe Bracket Nut to Rear of Left Cylinder Head	35 N·m	26 lb ft		
Balance Shaft Driven Gear Bolt				
First Pass	20 N·m	15 lb ft		
Final Pass	35 de			
Balance Shaft Retainer Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in		
Belt Idler Pulley Bolt	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Body Bolt				
First Pass in Sequence (All Bolts)	35 N·m	26 lb ft		
Final Pass in Sequence (Center Bolts)	155 N·m	114 lb ft		
Final Pass in Sequence (Front and Rear Bolts)	90 N·m	66 lb ft		
Camshaft Retainer Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in		
Camshaft Sprocket Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Connecting Rod Nut		10 10 11		
First Pass	27 N·m	20 lb ft		
Final Pass	70 de			
Crankshaft Balancer Bolt	95 N·m	70 lb ft		
Crankshaft Bearing Cap Bolt (Preferred Method)				
First Pass	20 N·m	15 lb ft		
Final Pass	73 de			
Crankshaft Bearing Cap Bolt (Optional Strategy)	105 N·m	77 lb ft		
Crankshaft Position Sensor Bolt	9 N·m	80 lb in		
Crankshaft Pulley Bolt	58 N·m	43 lb ft		
Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Bolt and Nut	12 N·m	106 lb in		
Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Retainer Stud	6 N·m	53 lb in		
Cylinder Head Bolt (Preferred Method)				
All Bolts First Pass in Sequence	30 N·m	22 lb ft		
Long Bolts Final Pass in Sequence	75 de			
Medium Bolts Final Pass in Sequence	65 de			
Short Bolts Final Pass in Sequence	55 de			
Cylinder Head Bolt (Optional On-Vehicle Strategy)	00 00	91003		
First Pass in Sequence	35 N·m	26 lb ft		
Second Pass in Sequence	60 N·m	44 lb ft		
Final Pass in Sequence	90 N·m	66 lb ft		
Cylinder Head Core Hole Plug	20 N·m	15 lb ft		
Distributor Cap Bolt	2.4 N·m	21 lb in		
Distributor Clamp Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft		

EGR Valve Bolt	7 N m	62 lb in
First Pass	7 N·m	
Final Pass	30 N·m	22 lb ft
EGR Valve Inlet Pipe Clamp Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft
EGR Valve Inlet Pipe Nut at Exhaust Manifold	30 N·m	22 lb ft
EGR Valve Inlet Pipe Nut at Intake Manifold	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Engine Block Coolant Drain Hole Plug	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Engine Block Left Rear Oil Gallery Plug	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Engine Block Left Side Oil Gallery Plug	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Engine Block Oil Gallery Plug	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Engine Block Right Rear Oil Gallery Plug	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Engine Coolant Heater Bolt/Screw	2 N·m	18 lb in
Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Engine Flywheel Bolt	100 N·m	74 lb ft
Engine Front Cover Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in
Engine Lift Bracket Bolt (Special Tool J 41427)	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Engine Lift Front Bracket Stud	35 N·m	26 lb ft
Engine Mount Bolt to Frame (4WD)	59 N·m	44 lb ft
Engine Mount Bolt to Frame (RWD)	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Engine Mount Bracket Bolt to Engine	64 N·m	47 lb ft
Engine Mount Bracket to Frame Bolt (RWD)	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Engine Mount Bracket to Frame Nut (RWD)	42 N·m	31 lb ft
Engine Mount Frame Bracket Through-bolt	68 N·m	50 lb ft
Engine Mount Nut to Frame (RWD)	42 N·m	31 lb ft
Engine Oil Pressure Gauge Sensor	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Engine Oil Pressure Gauge Sensor Fitting (Plus Required Angle)	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Engine Wiring Harness Bracket Bolt to Generator and Drive Belt Tensioner	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Bracket Engine Wiring Harness Bracket Nut to Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister	8 N·m	71 lb in
Purge Solenoid Valve		
Engine Wiring Harness Bracket Nut to Intake Manifold	12 N·m	106 lb in
Engine Wiring Harness Retainer Bolt to Rear of Right Cylinder Head	36 N·m	27 lb ft
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Solenoid Valve Nut to Intake Manifold	10 N·m	89 lb in
Exhaust Manifold Bolt/Stud		
First Pass	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Final Pass	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Fan and Water Pump Pulley Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Fuel Meter Body Bracket Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in
Fuel Pipe Bracket Bolt	6 N·m	53 lb in
Fuel Pipe Bracket Stud to Rear of Cylinder Head	33 N·m	24 lb ft
Fuel Pipe Retainer Nut	3 N·m	27 lb in
Fuel Supply Pipe Nut (Fuel Tank Side)	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Generator and Drive Belt Tensioner Bracket Bolt to Engine	41 N·m	30 lb ft
Generator and Drive Belt Tensioner Bracket Stud Nut	41 N·m	30 lb ft
Generator and Drive Belt Tensioner Bracket Stud Nut	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Ground Wire Bolt to Rear of Cylinder Head	35 N·m	26 lb ft
Ground Wire Nut to Water Outlet Stud	19 N·m	14 lb ft
Ignition Coil Stud	12 N·m	106 lb in
Knock Sensor	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Lower Intake Manifold Bolt	1	
	3 N·m	27 lb in
First Pass in Sequence		

Second Pass in Sequence	12 N·m	106 lb in
Final Pass in Sequence	15 N·m	
Negative Battery Cable Stud		11 lb ft
Oil Cooler Pipe Bracket Bolt to Oil Pan	40 N·m	30 lb ft
Oil Fill Tube Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in
Oil Filter Adapter Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Oil Filter Fitting	21 N·m	15 lb ft
Oil Level Indicator Tube Bolt	55 N·m	41 lb ft
	12 N·m	106 lb in
Oil Level Indicator Tube Bolt to Transmission Fluid Fill Tube Oil Pan Baffle Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in
Oil Pan Bolt and Nut	12 N·m	106 lb in
	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Oil Pan Drain Plug	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Oil Pump Bolt to Rear Crankshaft Bearing Cap	90 N·m	66 lb ft
Oil Pump Cover Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in
Park Brake Bracket Bolt to Frame	24 N·m	18 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Bolt	50 N·m	37 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Bracket Bolt to Engine	41 N·m	30 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Bracket Stud Nut	41 N·m	30 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Bracket Stud to Engine	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Rear Bracket Nut to Engine	41 N·m	30 lb ft
Power Steering Pump Rear Bracket Nut to Power Steering Pump	50 N·m	37 lb ft
Spark Plug		
Initial Installation (NEW Cylinder Head)	30 N·m	22 lb ft
All Subsequent Installations	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Spark Plug Wire Support Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in
Starter Motor Wiring Harness/Transmission Cooler Pipe Bracket Bolt to Oil Pan	10 N·m	89 lb in
Throttle Body Stud	9 N·m	80 lb in
Transmission Bolt to Oil Pan	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Transmission Cover Bolt	12 N·m	106 lb in
Transmission Fluid Fill Tube Bolt to Accelerator Control Cable Bracket	6 N⋅m	53 lb in
Upper Intake Manifold Stud		
First Pass	5 N·m	44 lb in
Final Pass	9 N·m	80 lb in
Upper Radiator Hose Support Bracket Nut to Exhaust Manifold Stud	36 N·m	27 lb ft
Valve Lifter Pushrod Guide Bolt	16 N·m	12 lb ft
Valve Rocker Arm Bolt	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Water Outlet Stud	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Water Pump Bolt	45 N·m	33 lb ft
Drive Belt Custom Description	1011111	OO ID IL

Drive Belt System Description

The drive belt system consists of the following components:

- The drive belt
- The drive belt tensioner
- The drive belt idler pulley
- The crankshaft balancer pulley
- The accessory drive component mounting brackets
- The accessory drive components
 - The power steering pump, if belt driven
 - The generator
 - The A/C compressor, if equipped
 - The engine cooling fan, if belt driven

- The water pump, if belt driven
- The vacuum pump, if equipped
- The air compressor, if equipped

The drive belt system may use one belt or two belts. The drive belt is thin so that it can bend backwards and has several ribs to match the grooves in the pulleys. There also may be a V-belt style belt used to drive certain accessory drive components. The drive belts are made of different types of rubbers (chloroprene or EPDM) and have different layers or plys containing either fiber cloth or cords for reinforcement.

Both sides of the drive belt may be used to drive the different accessory drive components. When the back side of the drive belt is used to drive a pulley, the pulley is smooth.

The drive belt is pulled by the crankshaft balancer pulley across the accessory drive component pulleys. The spring loaded drive belt tensioner keeps constant tension on the drive belt to prevent the drive belt from slipping. The drive belt tensioner arm will move when loads are applied to the drive belt by the accessory drive components and the crankshaft.

The drive belt system may have an idler pulley, which is used to add wrap to the adjacent pulleys. Some systems use an idler pulley in place of an accessory drive component when the vehicle is not equipped with the accessory.

Engine Cooling

Engine Cooling System Approximate Capacities

4.3L (VIN W)	13.5 L	14.3 qt
Application	Specific Metric	cations English

Fastener Tightening Specifications

Application	Speci	Specification		
	Metric	English		
Coolant Outlet Bolt and Stud 4.3L	19 N·m	14 lb ft		
Coolant Outlet Nut 2.2L	10 N·m	89 lb in		
Coolant Recovery Reservoir Nuts	8 N·m	71 lb in		
Engine Coolant Heater Cord Clip Screw	1.9 N·m	17 lb in		
Engine Coolant Heater Mounting Screw	1.9 N·m	17 lb in		
Engine Oil Cooler Line Clamp Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in		
Engine Oil Cooler Line Nuts	31 N:m	23 lb ft		
Engine Oil Cooler Line to Adapter Bolt	35 N·m	26 lb ft		
Engine Oil Cooler Line to Radiator Connectors	31 N·m	23 lb ft		
Engine Oil Cooler Lines to Oil Filter Adapter Retaining Bolt	35 N·m	26 lb ft		
Fan Clutch Assembly Nut to Water Pump Pulley Stud	56 N·m	40 lb ft		
Fan Shroud Bolts	6.5 N·m	58 lb in		
Fan to Fan Clutch Bolts	33 N·m	24 lb ft		
Remote Filter Housing to Bracket Nuts	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Remote Filter Housing Bracket to Radiator Core Support	30 N·m	22 lb ft		
Water Pump Bolt and Stud 4.3L	41 N·m	30 lb ft		
Water Pump Bolt 2.2L	25 N·m	18 lb ft		

Cooling System Description and Operation

Coolant Heater

The optional engine coolant heater (RPO K05) operates using 110-volt AC external power and is designed to warm the coolant in the engine block area for improved starting in very cold weather -29°C (-20°F). The coolant heater helps reduce fuel consumption when a cold engine is warming up. The unit is equipped with a detachable AC power cord. A weather shield on the cord is provided to protect the plug when not in use.

Cooling System

The cooling system's function is to maintain an efficient engine operating temperature during all engine speeds and operating conditions. The cooling system is designed to remove approximately one-third of the heat produced by the burning of the air-fuel mixture. When the engine is cold, the coolant does not flow to the radiator until the thermostat opens. This allows the engine to warm quickly.

Cooling Cycle

Coolant flows from the radiator outlet and into the water pump inlet. Some coolant flows from the water pump, to the heater core, then back to the water pump. This provides the passenger compartment with heat and defrost capability as the coolant warms up.

Coolant also flows from the water pump outlet and into the engine block. In the engine block, the coolant circulates through the water jackets surrounding the cylinders where it absorbs heat.

The coolant then flows through the cylinder head gasket openings and into the cylinder heads. In the cylinder heads, the coolant flows through the water jackets surrounding the combustion chambers and valve seats, where it absorbs additional heat.

From the cylinder heads, the coolant flows to the thermostat. The flow of coolant will either be stopped at the thermostat until the engine reaches normal operating temperature, or it will flow through the thermostat and into the radiator where it is cooled. At this point, the coolant flow cycle is completed.

Efficient operation of the cooling system requires proper functioning of all cooling system components. The cooling system consists of the following components:

Coolant

The engine coolant is a solution made up of a 50-50 mixture of DEX-COOL and suitable drinking water. The coolant solution carries excess heat away from the engine to the radiator, where the heat is dissipated to the atmosphere.

Radiator

The radiator is a heat exchanger. It consists of a core and two tanks. The aluminum core is a tube and fin crossflow design that extends from the inlet tank to the outlet tank. Fins are placed around the outside of the tubes to improve heat transfer to the atmosphere.

The inlet and outlet tanks are a molded, high temperature, nylon reinforced plastic material. A high temperature rubber gasket seals the tank flange edge to the aluminum core. The tanks are clamped to the core with clinch tabs. The tabs are part of the aluminum header at each end of the core.

The radiator also has a drain cock located in the bottom of the left hand tank. The drain cock unit includes the drain cock and drain cock seal.

The radiator removes heat from the coolant passing through it. The fins on the core transfer heat from the coolant passing through the tubes. As air passes between the fins, it absorbs heat and cools the coolant.

Pressure Cap

The pressure cap seals the cooling system. It contains a blow off or pressure valve and a vacuum or atmospheric valve. The pressure valve is held against its seat by a spring, which protects the radiator from excessive cooling system pressure. The vacuum valve is held against its seat by a spring, which permits opening of the valve to relieve vacuum created in the cooling system as it cools off. The vacuum, if not relieved, might cause the radiator and/or coolant hoses to collapse.

The pressure cap allows cooling system pressure to build up as the temperature increases. As the pressure builds, the boiling point of the coolant increases. Engine coolant can be safely run at a temperature much higher than the boiling point of the coolant at atmospheric pressure. The hotter the coolant is, the faster the heat transfers from the radiator to the cooler, passing air.

The pressure in the cooling system can get too high. When the cooling system pressure exceeds the rating of the pressure cap, it raises the pressure valve, venting the excess pressure.

As the engine cools down, the temperature of the coolant drops and a vacuum is created in the cooling system. This vacuum causes the vacuum valve to open, allowing outside air into the surge tank. This equalizes the pressure in the cooling system with atmospheric pressure, preventing the radiator and coolant hoses from collapsing.

Coolant Recovery System

The coolant recovery system consists of a plastic coolant recovery reservoir and overflow tube. The recovery reservoir is also called a recovery tank or expansion tank. It is partially filled with coolant and is

connected to the radiator fill neck with the overflow tube. Coolant can flow back and forth between the radiator and the reservoir.

In effect, a cooling system with a coolant recovery reservoir is a closed system. When the pressure in the cooling system gets too high, it will open the pressure valve in the pressure cap. This allows the coolant, which has expanded due to being heated, is allowed to flow through the overflow tube and into the recovery reservoir. As the engine cools down, the temperature of the coolant drops and a vacuum is created in the cooling system. This vacuum opens the vacuum valve in the pressure cap, allowing some of the coolant in the reservoir to be siphoned back into the radiator. Under normal operating conditions, no coolant is lost. Although the coolant level in the recovery reservoir goes up and down, the radiator and cooling system are kept full. An advantage to using a coolant recovery reservoir is that it eliminates almost all air bubbles from the cooling system. Coolant without bubbles absorbs heat much better than coolant with bubbles.

Air Baffles and Seals

The cooling system uses deflectors, air baffles and air seals to increase cooling system capability. Deflectors are installed under the vehicle to redirect airflow beneath the vehicle and through the radiator to increase engine cooling. Air baffles are also used to direct airflow through the radiator and increase cooling capability. Air seals prevent air from bypassing the radiator and A/C condenser, and prevent recirculation of hot air for better hot weather cooling and A/C condenser performance.

Water Pump

The water pump is a centrifugal vane impeller type pump. The pump consists of a housing with coolant inlet and outlet passages and an impeller. The impeller is mounted on the pump shaft and consists of a series of flat or curved blades or vanes on a flat plate. When the impeller rotates, the coolant between the vanes is thrown outward by centrifugal force.

The impeller shaft is supported by one or more sealed bearings. The sealed bearings never need to be lubricated. Grease cannot leak out, dirt and water cannot get in as long as the seal is not damaged or worn.

The purpose of the water pump is to circulate coolant throughout the cooling system. The water pump is driven by the crankshaft via the drive belt.

Thermostat

The thermostat is a coolant flow control component. It's purpose is to help regulate the operating temperature of the engine. It utilizes a temperature sensitive wax-pellet element. The element connects to a valve through a small piston. When the element is heated, it expands and exerts pressure against the small piston. This pressure forces the valve to open. As the element is cooled, it contracts. This contraction allows a spring to push the valve closed.

When the coolant temperature is below the rated thermostat opening temperature, the thermostat valve remains closed. This prevents circulation of the coolant to the radiator and allows the engine to warm up. After the coolant temperature reaches the rated thermostat opening temperature, the thermostat valve will open. The coolant is then allowed to circulate through the thermostat to the radiator where the engine heat is dissipated to the atmosphere. The thermostat also provides a restriction in the cooling system, after it has opened. This restriction creates a pressure difference which prevents cavitation at the water pump and forces coolant to circulate through the engine block.

Engine Oil Cooler

The engine oil cooler is a heat exchanger. It is located inside the left side end tank of the radiator. The engine oil temperature is controlled by the temperature of the engine coolant that surrounds the oil cooler in the radiator.

The engine oil pump, pumps the oil through the engine oil cooler line to the oil cooler. The oil then flows through the cooler where the engine coolant absorbs heat from the oil. The oil is then pumped through the oil cooler return line, to the oil filter, to the engine block oil system.

Transmission Oil Cooler

The transmission oil cooler is a heat exchanger. It is located inside the right side end tank of the radiator. The transmission fluid temperature is regulated by the temperature of the engine coolant in the radiator.

The transmission oil pump, pumps the fluid through the transmission oil cooler line to the transmission oil cooler. The fluid then flows through the cooler where the engine coolant absorbs heat from the fluid. The fluid is then pumped through the transmission oil cooler return line, to the transmission.

Engine Electrical

Fastener Tightening Specifications

	Specifi	Specification		
Application	Metric	English		
Battery Hold Down Retainer Nut	17 N·m	13 lb ft		
Battery Positive Cable to Starter Nut	9 N·m	80 lb in		
Battery Positive Cable to Underhood Fuse Block Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in		
Battery Terminal Bolts	15 N·m	11 lb ft		
Battery Tray Bolts	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Camshaft Position Sensor Mounting Screws	2.2 N·m	20 lb in		
Differential Carrier Shield Bolts	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Distributor Cap Screws	2.4 N·m	21 lb in		
Distributor Hold Down Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Distributor Rotor Screws	1.9 N·m	17 lb in		
Engine to Transmission Brace Bolts	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Engine Wiring Harness to Starter	1.9 N·m	17 lb in		
Generator Mounting Bolts (4.3L)	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Generator Mounting Bolt - Front (2.2L)	25 N ·m	18 lb ft		
Generator Mounting Bolt - Rear (2.2L)	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Generator Mounting Brace to Air Intake Plenum Stud Nut (2.2L)	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Generator Mounting Brace to Engine Stud Nut (2.2L)	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Generator Mounting Brace to Generator Bolt (2.2L)	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Generator Output (Bat) Terminal Nut	17 N·m	12 lb ft		
Heater Hose Bracket to Generator Bolt (4.3L)	25 N·m	18 lb ft		
Ignition Coil Hold Down Bolts and Stud (2.2L)	27 N·m	20 lb ft		
Ignition Coil Studs (4.3L)	11 N·m	97 lb in		
Purge Solenoid Valve Nut	27 N·m	20 lb ft		
Spark Plugs	15 N·m	11 lb ft		
Starter Motor Field Lead Attaching Nut	11 N·m	97 lb in		
Starter Motor Mounting Bolts (2.2L)	43 N·m	32 lb ft		
Starter Motor Mounting Bolts (4.3L)	50 N·m	37 lb ft		
Starter Brush End Bracket to the Engine Bolt (2.2L)	43 N·m	32 lb ft		
Starter Brush End Bracket Nuts to the Starter (2.2L)	11 N·m	97 lb in		
Underhood Fuse Block Connector bolts	7 N·m	62 lb in		
Underhood Fuse Block to Mounting Bracket Bolts	7 N·m	62 lb in		

Battery Usage

Option	Catalog No.	Cold Cranking Amps (CCA)	Reserve Capacity (Minutes)	Load Test (A)	Recommended Replacement
Std (Except Bravada)	670	525	90	260	75-60
UA1 (Std Bravada - Option All Others)	674	690	90	340	75B-84

Battery Temperature vs Minimum Voltage

Estimated Temperature °F	Estimated Temperature °C	Minimum Voltage	
70 or above	21 or above	9.6	
50	10	9.4	
32	0	9.1	
15	-10	8.8	
0	-18	8.5	
Below 0	Below -18	8.0	

Starter Motor Usage Load Test @ 10 Volts Specs. PG-260

Engine Type	Starter Type	Load Test @ 10 Volts AMPS Minimum	Load Test @ 10 Volts AMPS Maximum	Load Test @ 10 Volts RPM Minimum	Load Test @ 10 Volts RPM Maximum
Gasoline Engine	PG260	47 AMPS	70 AMPS	6,500 RPM	11,000 RPM

Generator Usage

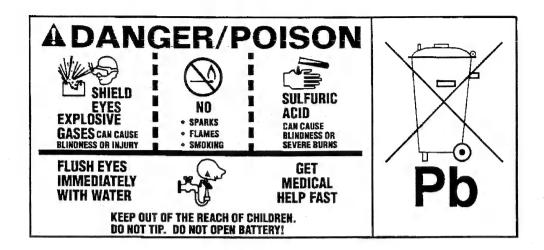
Engine	Generator Model	Option Code	Rated Output AMPS	Load Test Output AMPS
Gasoline Engine	CS130D	K60	100 A	70 A
Gasoline Engine	CS130D	K68	105 A	73 A

Battery Description and Operation

Caution

Batteries produce explosive gases, contain corrosive acid, and supply levels of electrical current high enough to cause burns. Therefore, to reduce the risk of personal injury when working near a battery:

- Always shield your eyes and avoid leaning over the battery whenever possible.
- Do not expose the battery to open flames or sparks.
- Do not allow the battery electrolyte to contact the eyes or the skin. Flush immediately and thoroughly any contacted areas with water and get medical help.
- Follow each step of the jump starting procedure in order.
- Treat both the booster and the discharged batteries carefully when using the jumper cables.



The maintenance free battery is standard. There are no vent plugs in the cover. The battery is completely sealed except for two small vent holes in the side. These vent holes allow the small amount of gas that is produced in the battery to escape.

The battery has three functions as a major source of energy:

- Engine cranking
- Voltage stabilizer
- Alternate source of energy with generator overload.

The battery specification label (example below) contains information about the following:

- The test ratings
- The original equipment catalog number
- The recommended replacement model number

CCA LOAD TEST 380

REPLACEMENT MODEL 100 – 6YR

A battery has 2 ratings:

- Reserve capacity
- Cold cranking amperage

When a battery is replaced use a battery with similar ratings. Refer to the battery specification label on the original battery or refer to Battery Usage .

Reserve Capacity

Reserve capacity is the amount of time in minutes it takes a fully charged battery, being discharged at a constant rate of 25 amperes and a constant temperature of 27°C (80°F) to reach a terminal voltage of 10.5 V. Refer to Battery Usage for the reserve capacity rating of the original equipment battery.

Cold Cranking Amperage

The cold cranking amperage is an indication of the ability of the battery to crank the engine at cold temperatures. The cold cranking amperage rating is the minimum amperage the battery must maintain for 30 seconds at -18°C (0°F) while maintaining at least 7.2 volts. Refer to Battery Usage for the cold cranking amperage rating for this vehicle.

Circuit Description

The battery positive terminal supplies Battery Positive voltage to the under hood fuse block and the rear fuse block. The under hood fuse block provides a cable connection for the generator and a cable connection for the starter.

The battery negative terminal is connected to chassis ground G305 and supplies ground for the AD converter in the DIM.

Starting System Description and Operation

Cranking Circuit

The cranking circuit consists of the battery, the starter motor, the ignition switch, and related electrical wiring. There is a fusible link in the wire running from the starter solenoid to the generator. For more information on the cranking circuit, refer to Cranking System Operation.

Starter Motor

The PG-260 starter motor achieves gear reduction at the rate of 5:1 through planetary gears. It's relatively small size and light weight offer improved cranking performance and reduced current requirements.

Solenoid windings are energized when the ignition switch is turned to the START position and the transmission is in the NEUTRAL or PARK. The plunger and shift lever movement causes the pinion to mesh with the engine flywheel ring gear, the solenoid main contacts to close, and the engine cranks. When the engine starts, the pinion overrunning clutch protects the armature from excessive speed until the key is released, at which time the plunger return spring causes the pinion to disengage. To prevent excessive overrunning, the key should be released immediately when the engine starts.

Charging System Description and Operation

Generator

The generator features the following major components:

- The delta stator
- The rectifier bridge
- The rotor with slip rings and brushes
- A conventional pulley
- Dual internal fans
- The regulator

The pulley and the fan cool the slip ring and the frame.

The generator features permanently lubricated bearings. Service should only include tightening of mount components. Otherwise, replace the generator as a complete unit.

Regulator

The voltage regulator controls the rotor field current in order to limit the system voltage. When the field current is on, the regulator switches the current on and off at a rate of 400 cycles per second in order to perform the following functions:

- Radio noise control
- Obtain the correct average current needed for proper system voltage control

At high speeds, the on-time may be 10 percent with the off-time at 90 percent. At low speeds, the on-time may be 90 percent and the off-time 10 percent.

Circuit Description

The generator provides voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to charge its battery. A magnetic field is created when current flows through the rotor. This field rotates as the rotor is driven by the engine, creating an AC voltage in the stator windings. The AC voltage is converted to DC by the rectifier bridge and is supplied to the electrical system at the battery terminal.

When the engine is running, the generator turn-on signal is sent to the generator from the PCM, turning on the regulator. The generator's voltage regulator controls current to the rotor, thereby controlling the output voltage. The rotor current is proportional to the electrical pulse width supplied by the regulator. When the engine is started, the regulator senses generator rotation by detecting AC voltage at the stator through an internal wire. Once the engine is running, the regulator varies the field current by controlling the pulse width. This regulates the generator output voltage for proper battery charging and electrical system operation. The generator F terminal is connected internally to the voltage regulator and externally to the PCM. When the voltage regulator detects a charging system problem, it grounds this circuit to signal the PCM that a problem exists. The PCM monitors the generator field duty cycle signal circuit. The system voltage sense circuit receives battery positive voltage that is Hot At All Times through a fuse link that is connected to the starter motor. This voltage is used by the regulator as the reference for system voltage control.

Charging System Indicator

The IPC illuminates the charge indicator in the message center when the following occurs:

- The PCM detects that the generator output is less than 11 volts or greater than 16 volts. The IPC receives a class 2 message from the PCM requesting illumination.
- The IPC determines that the system voltage is less than 11 volts or greater than 16 volts. The IPC receives a class 2 message from the body control module (BCM) indicating the system voltage.
- The IPC performs the displays test at the start of each ignition cycle. The indicator illuminates for approximately 3 seconds.
- The ignition is on, with the engine off.

Engine Controls

Engine Controls - 4.3L

Ignition System Specifications

Application	Specification					
Application	Metric	English				
Firing Order	1-6-5	-4-3-2				
Spark Plug Wire Resistance	12,000 ol	nms per ft				
Spark Plug Torque	18 N·m	13 lb ft				
Spark Plug Gap	1.52 mm	0.060 in				
Spark Plug Type	41-9328 [A	41-9328 [AC plug type]				

Fastener Tightening Specifications

Application	Specif	ication
	Metric	English
Accelerator Cable Bracket Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Accelerator Cable Bracket Nut	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Air Cleaner Outlet Duct Nut	2.5 N·m	22 lb in
Crankshaft Position Sensor Mounting Bolt	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Coolant Hose Nipple	17 N·m	13 lb ft
EGR Valve Attaching Bolts	25 N·m	18 lb ft
EVAP Canister Retainer Attaching Bolt	10 N·m	88 lb in
Fuel Pipe Clip Bolt	6 N·m	53 lb in
Fuel Pipe Attaching Nuts	27 N·m	20 lb ft
Fuel Pipe to Fuel Rail Retaining Screw	3 N·m	27 lb in
Fuel Pipe Return Line Nut	3 N·m	27 lb in
Fuel Pressure Regulator Bracket	3.5 N·m	31 lb in
Fuel Rail Attaching Bolts	10 N·m	88 lb in
Fuel Tank Bracket Strap	45 N·m	33 lb ft
Idle Air Control Valve Attaching Screws	3 N·m	27 lb in
Pressure Regulator Screw	9.5 N·m	84 lb in
Power Brake Fitting	13 N·m	115 lb in
Purge Valve Mounting Bracket Attaching Bolt	8 N·m	71 lb in
Throttle Cable Bracket Bolts	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Throttle Body Retaining Studs	25 N·m	18 lb ft
TP Sensor Bolts	2 N·m	18 lb in
Upper Manifold Bolts	8 N·m	71 lb in
Upper Manifold Nuts	8 N·m	71 lb in
Vacuum Module Attaching Bolts	8 N·m	71 lb in

Fuel System Specifications

Use regular unleaded gasoline rated at 87 octane or higher. It is recommended that the gasoline meet specifications which have been developed by the American Automobile Manufacturers Association (AAMA) and endorsed by the Canadian Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association for better vehicle performance and engine protection. Gasoline meeting the AAMA specification could provide improved driveability and emission control system performance compared to other gasolines. For more information, write to: American Automobile Manufacturer's Association, 7430 Second Ave, Suite 300, Detroit MI 48202.

Be sure the posted octane is at least 87. If the octane is less than 87, you may get a heavy knocking noise when you drive. If the knocking is bad enough, the knocking can damage your engine.

If you are using fuel rated at 87 octane or higher and you hear heavy knocking, your engine needs service. But do not worry if you hear a little pinging noise when you are accelerating or driving up a hill. That is normal, and you do not have to buy a higher octane fuel to get rid of the pinging. However, if there is a heavy, constant knock, that means you have a problem.

Notice

Your vehicle was not designed for fuel that contains methanol. Do not use methanol fuel which can corrode metal parts in your fuel system and also damage plastic and rubber parts. This kind of damage would not be covered under your warranty.

If your vehicle is certified to meet California Emission Standards, indicated on the under hood emission control label, your vehicle is designed to operate on fuels that meet California specifications. If such fuels are not available in states adopting California emissions standards, your vehicle will operate satisfactorily on fuels meeting federal specifications, but emission control system performance may be affected. The malfunction indicator lamp on your instrument panel may turn ON and/or your vehicle may fail a smogcheck test. If this occurs, return to your authorized dealer for diagnosis to determine the cause of failure. In the event there is a determination that the cause of the condition is the type of fuels used, repairs may not be covered by your warranty.

Some gasolines that are not reformulated for low emissions may contain an octane-enhancing additive called methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (MMT). Ask your service station operator whether or not the fuel contains MMT.

Exhaust System

Fastener Tightening Specifications

	Specif	ication
Application	Metric	English
Catalytic Converter to Exhaust Manifold studs (4.3L)	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Catalytic Converter to Exhaust Manifold Stud Nuts (4.3L)	53 N·m	39 lb ft
Catalytic Converter to Muffler flange nuts (2.2L)	35 N·m	26 lb ft
Catalytic Converter to Muffler flange nuts (4.3L)	40 N·m	30 lb ft
Exhaust Manifold Pipe to Catalytic Converter Flange Nuts (2.2L)	35 N·m	26 lb ft
Exhaust Manifold Pipe to Exhaust Manifold Bolts (2.2L)	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Hanger to Frame Bolts	17 N·m	12 lb ft

Exhaust System Description

Important

Use of non-OEM parts may cause driveability concerns.

The exhaust system design varies according to the model designation and the intended use of the vehicle.

In order to secure the exhaust pipe to the exhaust manifold, the exhaust system utilizes a flange and seal joint coupling. A flange and gasket coupling secures the catalytic converter assembly to the muffler assembly.

Hangers suspend the exhaust system from the underbody, allowing some movement of the exhaust system and disallowing the transfer of noise and vibration into the vehicle.

Heat shields protect the vehicle from the high temperatures generated by the exhaust system.

Resonator

Some exhaust systems are equipped with a resonator. The resonator, located either before or after the muffler, allows the use of mufflers with less back pressure. Resonators are used when vehicle characteristics require specific exhaust tuning.

Catalytic Converter

The catalytic converter is an emission control device added to the engine exhaust system in order to reduce hydrocarbons (HC), carbon monoxide (CO), and oxides of nitrogen (NOx) pollutants from the exhaust gas.

The catalytic converter is comprised of a ceramic monolith substrate, supported in insulation and housed within a sheet metal shell. The substrate may be washcoated with 3 noble metals:

- Platium (Pt)
- Palladium (Pd)
- Rhodium (Rh)

The catalyst in the converter is not serviceable.

Muffler

The exhaust muffler reduces the noise levels of the engine exhaust by the use of tuning tubes. The tuning tubes create channels inside the exhaust muffler that lower the sound levels created by the combustion of the engine.

Transmission/Transaxle Description and Operation

Manual Transmission - NV 3500

Fastener Tightening Specifications

	Specif	ication
Application	Metric	English
Backup Lamp Switch	37 N·m	27 lb ft
Clutch Actuator Bolt	8 N·m	71 lb in
Clutch Housing Cover Bolts	14 N·m	10 lb ft
Front Bearing Retainer Bolts	14 N·m	10 lb ft
Oil Drain and Fill Plugs	30 N·m	22 lb ft
Shift Boot Screws	2 N·m	18 lb in
Shift Housing to Transmission Bolts	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Shift Lever Adjusting Nut	48 N·m	35 lb ft
Transmission-to-Engine Studs and Bolts	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Transmission Mount Bolt	50 N·m	37 lb ft
Transmission Mount Nut	50 N·m	33 lb ft
Transmission Mount to Crossmember Nut	45 N·m	33 lb ft
Transmission Mount to Crossmeniber reat Transmission Mount to Transmission Bolt	50 N·m	37 lb ft
Vehicle Speed Sensor Bolt	16 N·m	12 lb ft

Lubrication Specifications

Application		fication English
New Venture Gear NV3500 Manual Transmission Recommended Lubricant: Synchromesh Transmission Fluid GM P/N 12345349	2.0 liters	2.2 quarts

Automatic Transmission - 4L60-E

Fastener Tightening Specifications

Application	Specif	fication
	Metric	English
Accumulator Cover to Case Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Case Extension to Case Bolt	42.0-48.0 N·m	31-35 lb ft
Case Extension to Case Bolt (4WD Shipping)	11.2-22.6 N·m	8.3-16.7 lb ft
Converter Cover Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in
Converter Housing to Case Screw	65.0-75.0 N·m	48-55 lb ft
Cooler Pipe Connector	35.0-41.0 N·m	26-30 lb ft
Detent Spring to Valve Body Bolt	20.0-27.0 N·m	15-20 lb ft
Floorshift Control Bolt	10 N·m	89 lb in
Flywheel to Torque Converter Bolt	63 N·m	46 lb ft
Forward Accumulator Cover to Valve Body Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Heat Shield to Transmission Bolt	17 N·m	13 lb ft
Line Pressure Plug	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Manual Shaft to Inside Detent Lever Nut	27.0-34.0 N·m	20-25 lb ft
Negative Battery Cable Bolt	15 N·m	11 lb ft
Oil Level Indicator Bolt	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Oil Pan to Transmission Case Bolt	11 N·m	97 lb in
Oil Passage Cover to Case Bolt	8-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Park Brake Bracket to Case Bolt	27.0-34.0 N·m	20-25 lb ft
Park/Neutral Position Switch Screw	3 N·m	27 lb in
Plate to Case Bolt (Shipping)	27.0-34.0 N·m	20-25 lb ft
Plate to Converter Bolt (Shipping)	27.0-34.0 N·m	20-25 lb ft
Plug Assembly, Automatic Transmission Oil Pan (C/K)	30-40 N·m	22.1-29.5 lb ft
Plug Assembly, Automatic Transmission Oil Pan (Y)	28-32 N·m	20.7-23.6 lb ft
Pressure Control Solenoid Bracket to Valve Body Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Pump Assembly to Case Bolt	26.0-32.0 N·m	19-24 lb ft
Pump Cover to Pump Body Bolt	20.0-27.0 N·m	15-20 lb ft
Shift Cable Grommet Screw	1.7 N·m	15 lb in
Shift Control Cable Attachment	20 N·m	15 lb ft
Speed Sensor Retainer Bolt	10.5-13.5 N·m	7.7-10 lb ft
Stud, Automatic Transmission Case Extension (Y-car)	18.0-22.0 N·m	13-16 lb ft
TCC Solenoid Assembly to Case Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Trans Mount to Transmission Bolt	25 N·m	18 lb ft
Transmission Fluid Pressure Manual Valve Position Switch to Valve Body Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft
Transmission Oil Cooler Pipe Fitting	35.0-41.0 N·m	26-30 lb ft
Transmission Oil Pan to Case Bolt	9.5-13.8 N·m	7-10 lb ft
Transmission to Engine Bolt	47 N·m	35 lb ft
Valve Body to Case Bolt	8.0-14.0 N·m	6-10 lb ft

Transmission General Specifications

Name	Hydra-matic 4L60-E				
RPO Codes	M30				
14 0 0000	Toledo, Ohio				
Production Location	Romulus, MI				
1 Toddotton Ecodition	Ramos Arizpe, Mexico				
Vehicle Platform (Engine/Transmission) Usage	C/K, C/K 800, F, G, M/L, S/T, Y				
Verilde Flation (Engine, Fransmission) Gaage	Longitudinally-Mounted Rear Wheel				
Transmission Drive	Drive				
1st Gear Ratio	3.059:1				
2nd Gear Ratio	1.625:1				
	1.000:1				
3rd Gear Ratio	0.696:1				
4th Gear Ratio	2.294:1				
Reverse	2.294. 1 245 mm				
	245 mm				
orque Converter Size (Diameter of Torque Converter Turbine)					
orque converter cize (Blameter et l'elique c'enverter autres)	298 mm				
	300 mm				
Pressure Taps	Line Pressure				
Transmission Fluid Type	DEXRON® III				
	245 mm Converter				
	Dry: 8.3 I (8.8 qt)				
	258 mm Converter				
T (Dry: 8.8 I (9.3 qt)				
Transmission Fluid Capacity (Approximate)	298 mm Converter				
	Dry: 11.25 l (11.9 qt)				
	300 mm Converter				
	Dry: 11.50 I (12.1 qt)				
Transmission Type: 4	Four Forward Gears				
Transmission Type: L	Longitudinal Mount				
Transmission Type: 60	Product Series				
Transmission Type: E	Electronic Controls				
	P, R, N, Overdrive, D, 2, 1				
Position Quadrant	P, R, N, Overdrive, 3, 2, 1				
Case Material	Die Cast Aluminum				
Oase Material	245 mm Converter				
	65.4 kg (144.30 lb)				
	258 mm Converter				
	79.9 kg (176.6 lb)				
Transmission Weight Dry (Approximate)	298 mm Converter				
	70.5 kg (155.70 lb)				
	300 mm Converter				
	86.17 kg (190.5 lb)				
	245 mm Converter				
	72.4 kg (159.55 lb)				
	258 mm Converter				
Transmission Weight Wet (Approximate)	89.2 kg (197.7 lb)				
Hallottioolott Weight Wet (Approximate)	298 mm Converter				
	80.5 kg (176.16 lb)				
	300 mm Converter				
	98.4 kg (218.0 lb)				
Maximum Trailer Towing Capacity	6 130 kg (13,500 lb)				
Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW)	3 900 kg (8,600 lb)				

Fluid Capacity Specifications

Application	Specif	ication
	Metric	English
Bottom Pan Removal	4.7 liters	5 quarts
Complete Overhaul	10.6 liters	11 quarts
(measurements are ap	proximate)	

Range Reference

Range	Park	Revers e	Neutral		C	D			D			2	,	1
Gear				1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	1st**	2nd	1st	2nd**
1-2 Shift Solenoid	ON*	ON*	ON*	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
2-3 Shift Solenoid	ON*	ON*	ON*	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
2-4 Band		-	-		Α	_	Α		A	_	-	A		A
Reverse Input Clutch		Α		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Overrun Clutch	_	_	-		_		_			Α	Α	Α	Α	A
Forward Clutch		_	-	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	A	A	A	A
Forward Sprag Clutch Assembly		-	-	Н	Н	Ĥ	_	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
3-4 Clutch	_	_	_		_	Α	Α			Α				
Lo/Roller Clutch	_	_	-	Н				Н			Н	_	Н	 -
Lo/Rev Clutch	Α	Α	-	_	_	_			-		-		A	

- A = Applied
- H = Holding
- ON = The solenoid is energized.
- OFF = The solenoid is de-energized.
- *Shift Solenoid state is a function of vehicle speed and may change if the vehicle speed increases sufficiently in Park, Reverse or Neutral. However, this does not affect the operation of the transmission.
- **Manual Second-First gear is electronically prevented under normal operating conditions.
 - ***Manual First-Second gear is only available above approximately 48-56 km/h (30-35 mph).

Shift Speed

G-Van/4L60-E						3-4 Shift @ +/- 150 RPM Output Shaft			3-1 @ +/- 100 RPM Outpu t Shaft Speed	+/- 100 RPM Outpu t Shaft	3-1 Wide Open Throttl	Open Throtti			
% (of TPS	12	25	50	12	25	50	12	25	50	•				\(\)
Trans Cal	Axle		-									-	1	_	
4.3L (L35)															
В	3.42/3.73	486	613	1121	867	1142	1882	1227	1544	2453	N/A	719	1396	5000	1586
С	3.73	492	603	1118	849	1140	1855	1207	1520	2414	N/A	715	1363	5000	1565

Transmission Component and System Description

The 4L60E transmission consists primarily of the following components:

- Torque converter assembly
- Servo assembly and 2-4 band assembly
- Reverse input clutch and housing
- Overrun clutch

- Forward clutch
- 3-4 clutch
- · Forward sprag clutch assembly
- Lo and reverse roller clutch assembly
- Lo and reverse clutch assembly
- Two planetary gear sets: Input and Reaction
- Oil pump assembly
- Control valve body assembly

The electrical components of the 4L60-E are as follows:

- 1-2 and 2-3 shift solenoid valves
- 3-2 shift solenoid valve assembly
- Transmission pressure control (PC) solenoid
- Torque converter clutch (TCC) solenoid valve
- TCC pulse width modulation (PWM) solenoid valve
- Automatic transmission fluid pressure (TFP) manual valve position switch
- Automatic transmission fluid temperature (TFT) sensor
- Vehicle speed sensor assembly

Adapt Function

Transmission Adapt Function

The 4L60-E transmission uses a line pressure control system, which has the ability to continuously adapt the system's line pressure. This compensates for normal wear of the following parts:

- The clutch fiber plates
- The seals
- The springs

The PCM maintains the Upshift Adapt parameters for the transmission The PCM monitors the AT ISS sensor and the AT OSS during commanded shifts in order to determine if a shift is occurring too fast or too slow. The PCM adjusts the signal from the transmission pressure control solenoid in order to maintain a set shift feel.

Transmission adapts must be reset whenever the transmission is overhauled or replaced.

Automatic Transmission Shift Lock Control Description

The automatic transmission shift lock control is a safety device that prevents an inadvertent shift out of PARK when the ignition is ON. The driver must press the brake pedal before moving the shift lever out of the PARK position. The system consist of the following components:

- The automatic transmission shift lock control solenoid.
- The automatic transmission shift lock control switch.
- The park/neutral position switch.

With the ignition in the ON position battery positive voltage is supplied to the park/neutral position switch. With the transmission in the PARK position the contacts in the park/neutral position switch are closed. This allows current to flow through the switch to the automatic transmission shift lock control switch. The circuit continues through the normally-closed switch to the automatic transmission shift lock control solenoid. The automatic transmission shift lock control solenoid is permanently grounded. This energizes the automatic transmission shift lock control solenoid, locking the shift linkage in the PARK position. When the driver presses the brake pedal the contacts in the automatic transmission shift lock control switch open, causing the automatic transmission shift lock control solenoid to release. This allows the shift lever to move from the PARK position.

Abbreviations and Meanings

bbreviation	meaning and the second
۸	
A	Ampere(s)
ABS	Antilock Brake System
A/C	Air Conditioning
AC	Alternating Current
ACC	Accessory, Automatic Climate Control
ACL	Air Cleaner
ACR4	Air Conditioning Refrigerant, Recovery, Recycling, Recharging
AD	Automatic Disconnect
A/D	Analog to Digital
ADL	Automatic Door Lock
A/F	Air/Fuel Ratio
AH	Active Handling
AIR	Secondary Air Injection
ALC	Automatic Level Control, Automatic Lamp Control
AM/FM	Amplitude Modulation/Frequency Modulation
Ant	Antenna
AP	Accelerator Pedal
APCM	Accessory Power Control Module
API	American Petroleum Institute
APP	Accelerator Pedal Position
APT	Adjustable Part Throttle
ASM	Assembly, Accelerator and Servo Control Module
ASR	Acceleration Slip Regulation
A/T	Automatic Transmission/Transaxle
ATC	Automatic Transfer Case, Automatic Temperature Control
ATDC	After Top Dead Center
ATSLC	Automatic Transmission Shift Lock Control
Auto	Automatic
avg	Average
A4WD	Automatic Four-Wheel Drive
AWG	American Wire Gage
	B
B+	Battery Positive Voltage
BARO	Barometric Pressure
BATT	Battery
BBV	Brake Booster Vacuum
BCA	Bias Control Assembly

BHP	Brake Horsepower
BLK	Black
BLU	Blue
BP	Back Pressure
BPCM	Battery Pack Control Module
BPMV	Brake Pressure Modulator Valve
BPP	Brake Pedal Position
BRN	Brown
BTDC	Before Top Dead Center
BTM	Battery Thermal Module
BTSI	Brake Transmission Shift Interlock
Btu	British Thermal Units
Dia	C C
°C	prove spices and selection and a second second selection and the s
CAC	Degrees Celsius Charge Air Cooler
	Corporate Average Fuel Economy
CAFE	Calibration
Cal	
Cam	Camshaft Page Min Dagard
CARB	California Air Resources Board
CC	Coast Clutch
cm ³	Cubic Centimeters Change Madula Change Central Modula
CCM	Convenience Charge Module, Chassis Control Module
CCOT	Cycling Clutch Orifice Tube
ССР	Climate Control Panel
CD	Compact Disc
CE	Commutator End
CEAB	Cold Engine Air Bleed
CEMF	Counter Electromotive Force
CEX	Cabin Exchanger
cfm	Cubic Feet per Minute
cg	Center of Gravity
CID	Cubic Inch Displacement
CKP	Crankshaft Position
CKT	Circuit
C/Ltr	Cigar Lighter
CL	Closed Loop
CLS	Coolant Level Switch
CMC	Compressor Motor Controller
CMP	Camshaft Position
CNG	Compressed Natural Gas
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO2	Carbon Dioxide

Coax	Coaxial
COMM	Communication
Conn	Connector
CPA	Connector Position Assurance
CPP	Clutch Pedal Position
CPS	
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CRTC	Cathode Ray Tube
CS	Cathode Ray Tube Controller
	Charging System
CSFI	Central Sequential Fuel Injection
CTP	Closed Throttle Position
cu ft	Cubic Foot/Feet
cu in	Cubic Inch/Inches
CV	Constant Velocity Joint
CVRSS	Continuously Variable Road Sensing Suspension
Cyl	Cylinder(s)
	D Programme of the control of the co
DAB	Delayed Accessory Bus
dB	Decibels
dBA	Decibels on A-weighted Scale
DC	Direct Current, Duty Cycle
DCM	Door Control Module
DE	Drive End
DEC	Digital Electronic Controller
DERM	Diagnostic Energy Reserve Module
DI	Distributor Ignition
dia	Diameter
DIC	Driver Information Center
Diff	Differential
DIM	Dash Integration Module
DK	Dark
DLC	Data Link Connector
DMCM	Drive Motor Control Module
DMM	Digital Multimeter
DMSDS	Drive Motor Speed and Direction Sensor
DMU	Drive Motor Unit
DOHC	Dual Overhead Camshafts
DR, Drvr	Driver
DRL	Daytime Running Lamps
DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code

EBCM	Electronic Brake Control Module
EBTCM	Electronic Brake and Traction Control Module
EC	Electrical Center, Engine Control
ECC	Electronic Climate Control
ECI	Extended Compressor at Idle
ECL	Engine Coolant Level
ECM	Engine Control Module, Electronic Control Module
ECS	Emission Control System
ECT	Engine Coolant Temperature
EPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
EEVIR	Evaporator Equalized Values in Receiver
EFE	Early Fuel Evaporation
EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation
EGR TVV	Exhaust Gas Recirculation Thermal Vacuum Valve
EHPS	Electro-Hydraulic Power Steering
EI	Electronic Ignition
ELAP	Elapsed
ELC	Electronic Level Control
E/M	English/Metric
EMF	Electromotive Force
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
Eng	Engine
EOP	Engine Oil Pressure
EOT	Engine Oil Temperature
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
EPR	Exhaust Pressure Regulator
EPROM	Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
ESB	Expansion Spring Brake
ESC	Electronic Suspension Control
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
ESN	Electronic Serial Number
ETC	Electronic Throttle Control, Electronic Temperature Control, Electronic Timing Control
ETCC	Electronic Touch Climate Control
ETR	Electronically Tuned Receiver
ETS	Enhanced Traction System
EVAP	Evaporative Emission
EVO	Electronic Variable Orifice

°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
FC	Fan Control
FDC	
	Fuel Data Center
FED	Federal All United States except California
FEDS	Fuel Enable Data Stream
FEX	Front Exchanger
FF	Flexible Fuel
FFH	Fuel-Fired Heater
FI	Fuel Injection
FMVSS	Federal U.S. Motor Vehicle Safety Standards
FP	Fuel Pump
ft	Foot/Feet
FT	Fuel Trim
F4WD	Full Time Four-Wheel Drive
4WAL	Four-Wheel Antilock
4WD	Four-Wheel Drive
FW	Flat Wire
FWD	Front Wheel Drive, Forward
	G
g	Grams, Gravitational Acceleration
GA	Gage, Gauge
gal	Gallon
gas	Gasoline
GCW	Gross Combination Weight
Gen	Generator
GL	Gear Lubricant
GM	General Motors
GM SPO	General Motors Service Parts Operations
gnd	Ground
gpm	Gallons per Minute
GRN	Green
GRY	
GVWR	Gray Valid Wald Date
GVVK	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
H	Hydrogen
H2O	Water
Harn	Harness
HC	Hydrocarbons

HD	Heavy Duty
HDC	Heavy Duty Cooling
hex	Hexagon, Hexadecimal
Hg	Mercury
Hi Alt	High Altitude
HO2S	Heated Oxygen Sensor
hp	Horsepower
HPL	High Pressure Liquid
HPS	High Performance System
HPV	High Pressure Vapor
HPVS	Heat Pump Ventilation System
Htd	Heated
HTR	Heater
HUD	Head-up Display
HVAC	Heater-Ventilation-Air Conditioning
HVACM	Heater-Vent-Air Conditioning Module
HVIL	High Voltage Interlock Loop
HVM	Heater Vent Module
Hz	Hertz
Wallett St. S.	
IAC	Idle Air Control
IAT	Intake Air Temperature
IC	Integrated Circuit, Ignition Control
ICCS	Integrated Chassis Control System
ICM	Ignition Control Module
ID	Identification, Inside Diameter
IDI	Integrated Direct Ignition
IGBT	Insulated Gate Bi-Polar Transistor
ign	Ignition
ILC	Idle Load Compensator
in	Inch/Inches
INJ	Injection
inst	Instantaneous, Instant
IP	Instrument Panel
IPC	Instrument Panel Cluster
IPM	Instrument Panel Module
I/PEC	Instrument Panel Electrical Center
ISC	Idle Speed Control
ISO	International Standards Organization
ISS	Input Speed Shaft, Input Shaft Speed

KAM	Keep Alive Memory
KDD	Keyboard Display Driver
kg	Kilogram
kHz	Kilohertz
km	Kilometer
km/h	Kilometers per Hour
km/l	Kilometers per Liter
kPa	Kilopascals
KS	Knock Sensor
kV	Kilovolts
L	Liter
L4	Four Cylinder Engine, In-Line
L6	Six-Cylinder Engine, In-Line
lb	Pound
lb ft	Pound Feet Torque
lb in	Pound Inch Torque
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LDCL	Left Door Closed Locking
LDCM	Left Door Control Module
LDM	Lamp Driver Module
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LEV	Low Emissions Vehicle
LF	Left Front
lm	Lumens
LR	Left Rear
LT	Left
LT	Light
LT	Long Term
LTPI	Low Tire Pressure Indicator
LTPWS	Low Tire Pressure Warning System
	M .
MAF	Mass Air Flow
Man	Manual
MAP	Manifold Absolute Pressure
MAT	Manifold Absolute Temperature
max	Maximum
M/C	Mixture Control
MDP	Manifold Differential Pressure

MFI	Multiport Fuel Injection
mi	Miles
MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp
min	Minimum
MIN	Mobile Identification Number
mL	Milliliter
mm	Millimeter
mpg	Miles per Gallon
mph	Miles per Hour
ms	Millisecond
MST	Manifold Surface Temperature
MSVA	Magnetic Steering Variable Assist, Magnasteer®
M/T	Manual Transmission/Transaxle
MV	Megavoit
mV	Millivolt
	Note that the second of the se
NAES	North American Export Sales
NC	Normally Closed
NEG	Negative
Neu	Neutral
NI	Neutral Idle
NiMH	Nickel Metal Hydride
NLGI	National Lubricating Grease Institute
N·m	Newton-meter Torque
NO	Normally Open
NOx	Oxides of Nitrogen
NPTC	National Pipe Thread Coarse
NPTF	National Pipe Thread Fine
NOVRÀM	Non-Volatile Random Access Memory
O2	Oxygen
O2S	Oxygen Sensor
OBD	On-Board Diagnostics
OBD II	On-Board Diagnostics Second Generation
OC	Oxidation Converter Catalytic
ocs	Opportunity Charge Station
OD	Outside Diameter
ODM	Output Drive Module
ODO	Odometer
OE	Original Equipment
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OHC	Overhead Camshaft

ohms	Ohm
OL	Open Loop, Out of Limits
ORC	Oxidation Reduction Converter Catalytic
ORN	Orange
ORVR	On-Board Refueling Vapor Recovery
OSS	Output Shaft Speed
oz	Ounce(s)
	P
PAG	Polyalkylene Glycol
PAIR	Pulsed Secondary Air Injection
PASS, PSGR	Passenger
PASS-Key®	Personalized Automotive Security System
P/B	Power Brakes
PC	Pressure Control
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PCM	Powertrain Control Module
PCS	Pressure Control Solenoid
PCV	Positive Crankcase Ventilation
PEB	Power Electronics Bay
PID	Parameter Identification
PIM	Power Inverter Module
PM	Permanent Magnet Generator
P/N	Part Number
PNK	Pink
PNP	Park/Neutral Position
PRNDL	Park, Reverse, Neutral, Drive, Low
POA	Pilot Operated Absolute Valve
POS	Positive, Position
POT	Potentiometer Variable Resistor
PPL	Purple
ppm	Parts per Million
PROM	Programmable Read Only Memory
P/S, PS	Power Steering
PSCM	Power Steering Control Module, Passenger Seat Control Module
PSD	Power Sliding Door
PSP	Power Steering Pressure
psi	Pounds per Square Inch
psia	Pounds per Square Inch Absolute
psig	Pounds per Square Inch Gauge
pt	Pint
PTC	Positive Temperature Coefficient
PWM	Pulse Width Modulated

QDM	Quad Driver Module
qt	Quart(s)
	$\blacksquare R$
R-12	Refrigerant-12
R-134a	Refrigerant-134a
RAM	Random Access Memory, Non-permanent memory device, memory contents are low when power is removed.
RAP	Retained Accessory Power
RAV	Remote Activation Verification
RCDLR	Remote Control Door Lock Receiver
RDCM	Right Door Control Module
Ref	Reference
Rev	Reverse
REX	Rear Exchanger
RIM	Rear Integration Module
RF	Right Front, Radio Frequency
RFA	Remote Function Actuation
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
RH	Right Hand
RKE	Remote Keyless Entry
Rly	Relay
ROM	Read Only Memory, Permanent memory device, memory contents are retained will power is removed.
RPM	Revolutions per Minute Engine Speed
RPO	Regular Production Option
RR	Right Rear
RSS	Road Sensing Suspension
RTD	Real Time Damping
RT	Right
RTV	Room Temperature Vulcanizing Sealer
RWAL	Rear Wheel Antilock
RWD	Rear Wheel Drive
	S
s	Second(s)
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SC	Supercharger
SCB	Supercharger Bypass
SCM	Seat Control Module
SDM	Sensing and Diagnostic Module
SEO	Special Equipment Option

SI	System International Modern Version of Metric System
SIAB	Side Impact Air Bag
SIR	Supplemental Inflatable Restraint
SLA	Short/Long Arm Suspension
sol	Solenoid
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide
SP	Splice Pack
S/P	Series/Parallel
SPO	Service Parts Operations
SPS	Service Programming System, Speed Signal
sq ft, ft2	Square Foot/Feet
sq in, in²	Square Inch/Inches
SRC	Service Ride Control
SRI	Service Reminder Indicator
SRS	Supplemental Restraint System
SS	Shift Solenoid
ST	Scan Tool
STID	Station Identification Station ID
S4WD	Selectable Four-Wheel Drive
Sw	Switch
SWPS	Steering Wheel Position Sensor
syn	Synchronizer
TAC	Throttle Actuator Control
Tach	Tachometer
TAP	Transmission Adaptive Pressure, Throttle Adaptive Pressure
TBI	Throttle Body Fuel Injection
TC	Turbocharger, Transmission Control
TCC	Torque Converter Clutch
TCS	Traction Control System
TDC	Top Dead Center
TEMP	Temperature
Term	Terminal
TFP	Transmission Fluid Pressure
TFT	Transmission Fluid Temperature
THM	Turbo Hydro-Matic
TIM	Tire Inflation Monitoring, Tire Inflation Module
TOC	Transmission Oil Cooler
TP	Throttle Position
TPA	Terminal Positive Assurance
TPM	Tire Pressure Monitoring, Tire Pressure Monitor
TR	Transmission Range

TRANS	Transmission/Transaxle
TT	Tell Tail Warning Lamp
TV	Throttle Valve
TVRS	Television and Radio Suppression
TVV	Thermal Vacuum Valve
TWC	Three Way Converter Catalytic
TWC+OC	Three Way + Oxidation Converter Catalytic
TXV	Thermal Expansion Valve
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
U/H	Underhood
U/HEC	Underhood Electrical Center
U-joint	Universal Joint
UTD	Universal Theft Deterrent
UV	Ultraviolet
	V
V	Volt(s), Voltage
V6	Six-Cylinder Engine, V-Type
V8	Eight-Cylinder Engine, V-Type
Vac	Vacuum
VAC	Vehicle Access Code
VATS	Vehicle Anti-Theft System
VCIM	Vehicle Communication Interface Mode
VCM	Vehicle Control Module
V dif	Voltage Difference
VDOT	Variable Displacement Orifice Tube
VDV	Vacuum Delay Valve
vel	Velocity
VES	Variable Effort Steering
VF	Vacuum Fluorescent
VIO	Violet
VIN	Vehicle Identification Number
VLR	Voltage Loop Reserve
VMV	Vacuum Modulator Valve
VR	Voltage Regulator
V ref	Voltage Reference
VSES	Vehicle Stability Enhancement System
VSS	Vehicle Speed Sensor

w/	With
W/B	Wheel Base
WHL	Wheel
WHT	White
w/o	Without
WOT	Wide Open Throttle
W/P	Water Pump
W/S	Windshield
WSS	Wheel Speed Sensor
WU-OC	Warm Up Oxidation Converter Catalytic
	Warm Up Three-Way Converter Catalytic
	X
X-valve	Expansion Valve
4	Y
yd	Yard(s)
YEL	Yellow
Association (Control of the Control	

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Conversion - English/Metric

English	Multiply/ Divide by	Metric	
n order to calculate English mea	surement, divide by the number in the c	center column.	
n order to calculate metric meas	urement, multiply by the number in the	center column.	
	Length		
in	25.4	mm "	
ft	0.3048		
yd	0.9144	m .	
mi	1.609	km	
	Area		
sq in	645.2	sq mm	
	6.45	sq cm	
sq ft	0.0929		
sq yd	0.8361	sq m	
	Volume		
	16,387.00	cu mm	
cu in	16.387	cu cm	
	0.0164		
qt	0.9464	L)	
gal	3.7854		
cu yd	0.764	cu m	
9 4	Mass	STATE OF THE STATE	
lb	0.4536		
ton	907.18	kg	
	0.907	tonne (t)	
	Force	The second second second second	
Kg F	9.807		
oz F	0.278	newtons (N)	
lb F	4.448		
	Acceleration	THE STATE OF THE S	
ft/s²	0.3048	m/s²	
ln/s²	0.0254		
	Torque		
Lb in	0.11298		
lb ft	1.3558	N·m	
	Power		
hp	0.745	kW	

	Pressure (Stress)		
inches of H2O	0.2488	kPa	
lb/sq in	6.895		
	Energy (Work)		
Btu	1055	J (J= one Ws)	
lb ft	1.3558		
kW hour	3,600,000.00		
	Light		
Foot Candle	10.764	lm/m²	
	Velocity		
mph	1.6093	km/h	
	Temperature		
(°F - 32) 5/9	_ =	°C	
°F	=	(9/5 °C + 32)	
	Fuel Performance		
235.215/mpg	=	100 km/L	

Equivalents - Decimal and Metric

Fraction (in)	Decimal (in)	Metric (mm)
1/64	0.015625	0.39688
1/32	0.03125	0.79375
3/64	0.046875	1.19062
1/16	0.0625	1.5875
5/64	0.078125	1.98437
3/32	0.09375	2.38125
7/64	0.109375	2.77812
1/8	0.125	3.175
9/64	0.140625	3.57187
5/32	0.15625	3.96875
11/64	0.171875	4.36562
3/16	0.1875	4.7625
13/64	0.203125	5.15937
7/32	0.21875	5.55625
15/64	0.234375	5.95312
1/4	0.25	6.35
17/64	0.265625	6.74687
9/32	0.28125	7.14375
19/64	0.296875	7.54062
5/16	0.3125	7.9375
21/64	0.328125	8.33437
11/32	0.34375	8.73125
23/64	0.359375	9.12812
3/8	0.375	9.525
25/64	0.390625	9.92187
13/32	0.40625	10.31875
27/64	0.421875	10.71562
7/16	0.4375	11.1125
29/64	0.453125	11.50937
15/32	0.46875	11.90625
31/64	0.484375	12.30312
1/2	0.5	12.7
33/64	0.515625	13.09687
17/32	0.53125	13.49375
35/64	0.546875	13.89062
9/16	0.5625	14.2875
37/64	0.578125	14.68437
19/32	0.59375	15.08125
39/64	0.609375	15.47812

Fraction (in)	Decimal (in)	Metric (mm)
5/8	0.625	15.875
41/64	0.640625	16.27187
21/32	0.65625	16.66875
43/64	0.671875	17.06562
11/16	0.6875	17.4625
45/64	0.703125	17.85937
23/32	0.71875	18.25625
47/64	0.734375	18.65312
3/4	0.75	19.05
49/64	0.765625	19.44687
25/32	0.78125	19.84375
51/64	0.796875	20.24062
13/16	0.8125	20.6375
53/64	0.828125	21.03437
27/32	0.84375	21.43125
55/64	0.859375	21.82812
7/8	0.875	22.225
57/64	0.890625	22.62187
29/32	0.90625	23.01875
59/64	0.921875	23.41562
15/16	0.9375	23.8125
61/64	0.953125	24.20937
31/32	0.96875	24.60625
63/64	0.984375	25.00312
1	1.0	25.4

Fasteners

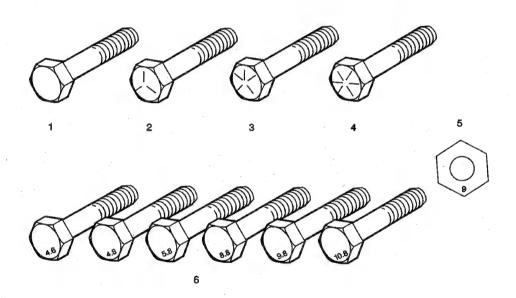
Metric Fasteners

This vehicle provides fastener dimensions using the metric system. Most metric fasteners are approximate in diameter to equivalent English fasteners. Make replacements using fasteners of the same nominal diameter, thread pitch, and strength.

A number marking identifies the OE metric fasteners except cross-recess head screws. The number also indicates the strength of the fastener material. A Posidrive® or Type 1A cross-recess identifies a metric cross-recess screw. For best results, use a Type 1A cross-recess screwdriver, or equivalent, in Posidrive® recess head screws.

GM Engineering Standards and North American Industries have adopted a portion of the ISO-defined standard metric fastener sizes. The purpose was to reduce the number of fastener sizes used while retaining the best thread qualities in each thread size. For example, the metric M6.0 X 1 screw, with nearly the same diameter and 25.4 threads per inch replaced the English 1/4-20 and 1/4-28 screws. The thread pitch is midway between the English coarse and fine thread pitches.

Fastener Strength Identification



- 1. English Bolt, Grade 2 (Strength Class)
- 2. English Bolt, Grade 5 (Strength Class)
- 3. English Bolt, Grade 7 (Strength Class)
- 4. English Bolt, Grade 8 (Strength Class)
- 5. Metric Nut, Strength Class 9
- 6. Metric Bolts, Strength Class Increases as Numbers Increase

The most commonly used metric fastener strength property classes are 9.8 and 10.9. The class identification is embossed on the head of each bolt. The English, inch strength classes range from grade 2 to grade 8. Radial lines are embossed on the head of each bolt in order to identify the strength class. The number of lines on the head of the bolt is 2 lines less than the actual grade. For example, a grade 8 bolt will have 6 radial lines on the bolt head. Some metric nuts are marked with a single digit strength identification number on the nut face.

The correct fasteners are available through GM SPO. Many metric fasteners available in the aftermarket parts channels are designed to metric standards of countries other than the United States, and may exhibit the following:

- Lower strength
- · No numbered head marking system
- · Wrong thread pitch

The metric fasteners on GM products are designed to new, international standards. The following are the common sizes and pitches, except for special applications:

- M6.0 X 1
- M8 X 1.25
- M10 X 1.5
- M12 X 1.75
- M14 X 2.00
- M16 X 2.00

Prevailing Torque Fasteners

Prevailing torque fasteners create a thread interface between the fastener and the fastener counterpart in order to prevent the fastener from loosening.

All Metal Prevailing Torque Fasteners

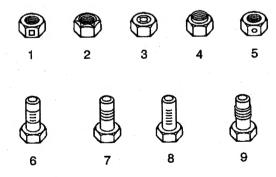
These fasteners accomplish the thread interface by a designed distortion or deformation in the fastener.

Nylon Interface Prevailing Torque Fasteners

These fasteners accomplish the thread interface by the presence of a nylon material on the fastener threads.

Adhesive Coated Fasteners

These fasteners accomplish the thread interface by the presence of a thread-locking compound on the fastener threads. Refer to the appropriate repair procedure in order to determine if the fastener may be reused and the applicable thread-locking compound to apply to the fastener.



1. Prevailing Torque Nut, Center Lock Type

- 2. Prevailing Torque Nut, Top Lock Type
- 3. Prevailing Torque Nut, Nylon Patch Type
- 4. Prevailing Torque Nut, Nylon Washer Insert Type
- 5. Prevailing Torque Nut, Nylon Insert Type
- 6. Prevailing Torque Bolt, Dry Adhesive Coating Type
- 7. Prevailing Torque Bolt, Thread Profile Deformed Type
- 8. Prevailing Torque Bolt, Nylon Strip Type
- 9. Prevailing Torque Bolt, Out-of-Round Thread Area Type

A prevailing torque fastener may be reused ONLY if:

- The fastener and the fastener counterpart are clean and not damaged
- There is no rust on the fastener
- The fastener develops the specified minimum torque against its counterpart prior to the fastener seating

Metric Prevailing Torque Fastener Minimum Torque Development

Application	Specification	
Application	Metric	English
All Metal Prevailing Torque Fas	teners	
6 mm	0.4 N·m	4 lb in
8 mm	0.8 N·m	7 lb in
10 mm	1.4 N·m	12 lb in
12 mm	2.1 N·m	19 lb in
14 mm	3 N·m	27 lb in
16 mm	4.2 N·m	37 lb in
20 mm	7 N·m	62 lb in
24 mm	10.5 N·m	93 lb in
Nylon Interface Prevailing Torqu	ue Fasteners	
6 mm	0.3 N·m	3 lb in
3 mm	0.6 N·m	5 lb in
10 mm	1.1 N·m	10 lb in
2 mm	1.5 N·m	13 lb in
14 mm	2.3 N·m	20 lb in
6 mm	3.4 N·m	30 lb in
20 mm	5.5 N·m	49 lb in
24 mm	8.5 N·m	75 lb in

English Prevailing Torque Fastener Minimum Torque Development

Application	Specification	
	Metric	English
All Metal Prevailing Torque Fas	teners	
1/4 in	0.5 N·m	4.5 lb in
5/16 in	0.8 N·m	7.5 lb in
3/8 in .	1.3 N·m	11.5 lb in
7/16 in	1.8 N·m	16 lb in
1/2 in	2.3 N·m	20 lb in
9/16 in	3.2 N·m	28 lb in
5/8 in	4 N·m	36 lb in
3/4 in	7 N·m	54 lb in
Nylon Interface Prevailing Torq	ue Fasteners	9 18
1/4 in	0.3 N·m	3 lb in
5/16 in	0.6 N·m	5 lb in
3/8 in	1 N·m	9 lb in
7/16 in	1.3 N·m	12 lb in
1/2 in	1.8 N·m	16 lb in
9/16 in	2.5 N·m	22 lb in
5/8 in	3.4 N·m	30 lb in
3/4 in	5 N·m	45 lb in